

Construction of the village Shua Partskhma Public School (Chokhatauri Municipality)

Environmental and Social Screening Report and Environmental and Social Management Plan

WORLD BANK FINANCED INNOVATION, INCLUSION AND QUALITY PROJECT (GEORGIA 12Q PROJECT)

Tbilisi, Georgia

Updated on June 2025

Sub-project Description

Construction of the village Shua Partskhma Public School in Chokhatauri Municipality is one of the subprojects (SP) to be implemented under the Innovation, Inclusion and Quality Project (Georgia I2Q Project).

The SP site is located in the village of Shua Partskhma, in the Chokhatauri Municipality (the land plot is state-owned with cadastral code 28.03.22.022) and occupies 4,982 m². The distance from Tbilisi is approximately 280 km. The nearest residential house is about 20 meters away from the SP.

Accordance with the revised scheme of seismic regions of the territory of Georgia, the SP site falls in the 8-point seismic activity zone according to the MSK64 scale (Order of the Minister of Economic Development of Georgia No. 1-1/2284, October 7, 2009).

The school building is designed to accommodate 150 students. The area allocate for the school construction is situated on relatively non-rocky terrain. To the west, it borders a local road, while on the other side, it is adjacent to privately owned land plots.

The land allocated for the construction of the new school building is vacant, with no existing structures or buildings present on the site.

The SP envisages construction of a two-storied school building (total area: 2,647.60 m²) and the landscaping and greening of the surrounding area. The building will feature a main entrance on the ground floor, with hallways connecting the various spaces and staircases leading to the second floor, which will include additional exit points.

The first floor will comprise a main hallway, two staircases, the buffet, classrooms for grades 1–2 and 3–6, storage rooms for classrooms, a security room, room with storage and sanitary facilities, a music room, a medical room with an isolation area, a multipurpose room, a resource room, the director's office, boys' and girls' restrooms, staff restrooms, a large multipurpose room, an art and applied arts room, a studio, a school warehouse, and a maintenance room for school infrastructure.

The second floor will include classrooms for grades 3–6, 6–9, and 6–12, storage rooms for classrooms, a staff lounge, a science laboratory with a support storage room, boys' and girls' restrooms, restrooms with universal access, an IT classroom, a library, an advanced IT classroom for higher grades, a server room, and a multipurpose hall with lockers.

The design ensures a modern, functional, and accessible educational environment, meeting the diverse academic and extracurricular needs of students and staff. In accordance with the design specifications, the entire infrastructure will accommodate individuals with disabilities and other special needs. The building will include emergency exits, two stairwells, and one elevator to ensure accessibility and safety.

Village Shua Partskhma is provided with basic utility services, including water, electricity, and natural gas supply, but no system for wastewater collection and treatment. Residents of Shua Partskhma village use earthen or concrete pit toilets. The SP will provide an autonomous biological treatment system for wastewater management.

The SP foresees the implementation of the following works:

- Preparatory works: installation of temporary structures such as WCs, lockers for the workers, guard booth, storages for materials as well as household and hazardous waste disposal sites);
- Construction of the main building;
- construction of the boiler;
- Installation of a biological treatment unit for receiving sewage;
- Installation of internal networks water supply, electrical and gas supply, heating and ventilation networks for the building;

- Installation of external water supply, power supply, gas supply and internet networks and connecting
 of them to the existing municipal networks;
- Installation of fire alarm and firefighting systems;
- Arrangement of a stadium;
- Fencing of the territory;
- Arrangement of parking lots.

There are several trees and bushes in the school yard. According to the design of the planed works, there is no need to cut the existing plants as there are no trees in the area intended for the construction of the school building, boiler room, stadium and paths. As a result of the construction works, it is expected that 7300 m³ of cut soil will be generated, of which 850 m³ will be reused for backfilling and the rest will be removed to a sanitary landfill operated by Solid Waste Management Company of Georgia based on the agreement with this Company or disposed to a site to be allocated by the municipal authority. Also, for the SP implementation the removal of 380 m³ topsoil will be required, which will be temporarily stored on the school territory in accordance with the requirements stipulated of the technical regulations approved by the Resolution N424 of the Government of Georgia, dated December 31, 2013, on the Removal, Storage, Use, and Reclamation of Topsoil. After the construction, topsoil will be reused for the landscaping of the school area.

Environmental Screening and Classification of Subprojects

(A) IMPACT IDENTIFICATION

Does the sub-project have tangible impacton the environment?	The SP will have a modest negative environmental impact. The main impact will be related to the construction phase, which includes works for the construction of the school, stadium and boiler building.
What are the significant beneficial and adverse environmental effectsof sub-project?	The expected negative environmental impact will have short-term character and will be typical for small-scale construction works in modified landscape: noise, dust, vibration, and emissions from the operation of construction machinery; generation of construction waste. The later impacts are related to the generation of waste from maintenance of the school which will be managed by the local municipality.
	The SP is located in the area with modified environment. Therefore, the impact will be transitory and insignificant (noise, emissions, construction waste, temporary disturbance of traffic and access, etc.).
	In operation, phase proper management of generated solid waste should be ensured to reduce impact on the environment.
May the sub-project have any significant impact on the local	The SP is expected to have a long-term positive social impact, as the local residents will be able to have access to the modern school, which will be also adapted to the people with disabilities.
communities and other affected people?	Ultimate goal of the SP is to improve the quality and conditions of education for children in village Shua Partskhma. Construction of the school will bring immediate benefits to its users through improved learning spaces, playgrounds, everyday learning activities and in general infrastructure and living conditions. The long-term social impact will be beneficial, as local children and teachers in school will be provided with improved educational and working conditions, increased income of population during the implementation (employment of workers), and after the construction.
	The SP will create temporary and some permanent job opportunities for the local population (both men and women), as they could be employed during construction and maintenance. Availability of modern school in the community will allow more people (especially those having school age children) to stay in the village Shua Partskhma.
	Negative impact is short term and limited to the construction site. It is related to the possible disturbance described above.
	The SP envisages adaption of the school building to make available servicing of people with disabilities.
	The SP doesn't envisage land take or resettlement, as well as economic displacement (for example, for formal or informal vendors).

(B) MITIGATION MEASURES

Were there any alternatives to the sub-project design considered?

No design alternatives were considered at the screening stage, because the school building is yet to be designed under the Design-Build Contract. School design will meet national standards adopted for school buildings and the best feasible alternatives will be selected for design features that may be adjusted to individual locations and demand.

What types of mitigation measures are proposed?

The expected negative impacts of the construction phase can be easily mitigated through proper management of construction activities. The contractor will be responsible for the waste disposal at the permitted location, use the quarry materials from the licensed quarries only or obtain materials only from licensed providers, prevent water and soil from pollution (fuel spills due to equipment failure, concrete spills etc.), avoid disturbance of population (noise, dust, emissions) through proper work/supplies scheduling, traffic management, and good maintenance of the construction machinery.

Revision of vehicles will be required to ensure that there is no leakage of fuel and lubricating materials, all machinery will be maintained and operated such that all leaks and spills of materials will be minimized, the contractor will be required to organize and cover material storage areas. The material storage sites will be protected from washing outduring heavy rainfalls and flooding through covering by impermeable materials; car maintenance points will not be located within 50 m of any watercourse.

During SP implementation, warning signs will be used, and traffic will be managed around the work sites.

Handling of asbestos-containing waste will require much attention to prevent damage to health and safety of workers, nearby communities, and pollution of the environment. Disciplined use of personal protective equipment, watering of the worksite, separate safe on-site storage of hazardous waste, and its timely disposal to the designated landfill operated by the Solid Waste Management Company of Georgia will be applied as mitigation measures. Local residents will be warned on the health risks associated with the re-use of asbestos-containing material and their agreement to allow disposal of such material will be secured.

Community health and safety will be an issue during the construction phase as residential buildings are located near the SP site. The contractor will be responsible for taking specific measures to mitigate the impact on locals, including informing the affected population on the upcoming works and any temporary disruptions of municipal services, limiting working hours to daytime, limiting the speed of moving construction vehicles & machinery, minimizing noise & dust emissions, etc.

No major hazards are expected during the construction works, as long as proper construction practices and safety procedures are applied.

There are grass cover and topsoil layer on the designing territory. The revealed topsoil will be fully re-used for the landscaping. Before commencing the soil works, cleaning of designing territory from grass-type plants, topsoil will be removed and temporary stored.

What lessons from MDF has a broad experience in the implementation of reconstruction / theprevious similar rehabilitation for medium and large-scale buildings (including public schools and projects have been kindergartens) roads and streets financed by various donor organizations. Based incorporated into the on lessons learned from previous similar projects, design envisages not only the sub-project design? construction of the school, but also the improvement of heating, ventilation and fire control system, hot water supply, lighting systems and reference energy saving potential, implementation of energy efficiency improvement measures. The infrastructure of the school will be adapted for receiving and servicing of people with disabilities. Have concerned On April 11, 2025, the Municipal Development Fund of Georgia (MDF) and the communities been Ministry of Education, Science and Youth of Georgia (MESY) organized public involved and have consultation to discuss the design, Environmental and Social Screening Report, their interests and and Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) prepared for the subproject "Construction of Shua Partskhma Public School". knowledge been adequately taken intoconsideration in sub- project preparation?

(C)	CATEGORIZATION	VND	CONCLUSION
(C)	CATEGORIZATION	AINU	CONCLUSION

1.	Subproject is declined	l	_
2.	Subproject is accepted	(

Subproject preparation requires:

- 1. Completion of the Environmental and Social Management Checklist for Small Construction and Rehabilitation Activities
- 2. Environmental and Social Review, including development of Environmental and Social Management Plan

Social and Cultural Resource Screening of SP

	Social safeguards screening information	Yes	No		
1	Is the information related to the affiliation, ownership and land use status				
	of the sub-project site available and verifiable? (The screening cannot be	Х			
	completed until this is available)				
2	Will the sub-project reduce people's access to their economic resources,				
	such as land, pasture, water, public services, sites of common public use or		Χ		
	other resources that they depend on?				
3	Will the sub-project result in resettlement of individuals or families or				
	require the acquisition of land (public or private, temporarily or		Χ		
	permanently) for its development?				
4	Will the project result in the temporary or permanent loss of crops, fruit				
	trees and household infra-structure (such as ancillary facilities, fence, canal,		Χ		
	granaries, outside toilets and kitchens, etc.)?				
If a	nswer to any above question (except question 1) is "Yes", then OP/BP 4.12 Invo	oluntary Re	settlement		
is a	pplicable and mitigation measures should follow this OP/BP 4.12 and the reset	tlement			
Pol	icyFramework				
	Cultural resources safeguard screening information	Yes	No		
5	Will the project require excavation near any historical, archaeological or		Χ		
	cultural heritage site?				
If a	If answer to question 5 is "Yes", then OP/BP 4.11 Physical Cultural Resources is applicable and				
pos	possiblechance finds must be handled in accordance with OP/BP and relevant procedures provided in				
the	the Environmental and Social Management Framework.				

Environmental and Social Management Plan

PART A: GENERAL PROJECT AND SITE INFORMATION

INSTITUTIONAL & ADMINIS	STRATIVE
Country	Georgia
Project title	INNOVATION, INCLUSION AND QUALITY PROJECT (GEORGIA I2Q PROJECT)
Sub-Project title	Construction of the village Shua Partskhma Public School
Scope of site-specific activity	Construction of the village Shua Partskhma Public School in Chokhatauri Municipality is one of the sub-projects (SP) to be implemented under the Innovation, Inclusion and Quality Project (Georgia I2Q Project).
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Institutional arrangements (WB)	Task Team Leader Anna Berdzenadze		Safeguards Specialists: Darejan Kapanadze – <i>Environment</i> Davit Jijelava – <i>Social</i>	
Implementation arrangements (Borrower)	Implementing entity: Municipal Development Fund of Georgia	icipal Company ent Fund of Servicios de		Works contractor: "MGD" LTD
SITE DESCRIPTION Name of institution whose premises are to be constricted	Village Shua Partskhma Public Sc	chool		
Address and site location of institution	Shua Partskhma, Chokhatauri Municipality Phone: (577) 97 22 12			

whose premises are to	Fracily southly have Queen any so
be constricted	Email: partskhma@mes.gov.ge
Who owns the land?	The land plot is under the State ownership
Who uses the land	The land plot is under the state ownership
(formal/informal)?	
Description of physical	Shua Fartskhma is a village in the Chokhatauri Municipality of the Guria region, part of the
and natural	Fartskhma community. The community also includes Zemo Fartskhma.
environment, and of the	
socio-economic context around the site	The village is located to the south of the Guria Ridge, in the valley of the Supsa River, at an altitude of 260 meters above sea level. It is 1 km away from the center of Chokhatauri, ensuring easy and quick access to the municipal administrative centers.
	According to the 2014 census, the population of Shua Fartskhma is 653 people.
	The village's geographical location and natural conditions support the development of traditional activities such as agriculture and small-scale tourism.
	The study area is situated on the Guria Plateau, within the Supsa River basin. It is located on the upper terrace of the Gubazula River marsh, characterized by a stable geomorphological structure. To the south, the area is bordered by the northern slopes of the Meskheti Ridge. The Guria Plateau is primarily represented by middle and upper Tertiary deposits, which have a significant impact on the region's topographical and ecological structure.
	According to the tectonic zoning of Georgia (E. Gamkrelidze, 2000), the study area is part of the Transcaucasian Mountain zone, in the western Molasuri thrust, within the Rioni Mountain thrust zone. The geological structure includes deluvial-proluvial deposits, primarily consisting of clay and clayey sediments.
	Climate Conditions are determined by the geographical location and morphological features of the area.
	Average annual air temperature: 13.8°C Absolute minimum temperature: -16.0°C Absolute maximum temperature: 39.0°C Average maximum temperature of the hottest month: 26.5°C Average five-day temperature of the coldest period: -3.0°C Average daily temperature of the coldest day: -6.0°C Average temperature of the coldest period: 4.7°C Average temperature at 13:00 during the coldest month: 6.3°C Average temperature at 13:00 during the hottest month: 24.8°C
Locations and distance	The nearest official landfill for non-hazardous waste is located approximately 10 km from the SP
for material sourcing,	area, in the village of Buknari, Chokhatauri Municipality.
especially aggregates,	The distance from the SP to the nearest licensed quarry is approximately 13 kilometers, located
water, stones?	on the Supsa River near the village of Zomleti in Chokhatauri Municipality.
LEGISLATION	
National & local	I2Q Project implemented in accordance with the World Bank's safeguard policy OP/BP 4.01 -
legislation & permitsthat	Environmental Assessment. Based on this policy, present subproject is classified as
apply to project activity	environmental category "B" and the present ESMP is developed for construction works. According to the principles of OP/BP 4.01 and Environmental and Social Management Framework (ESMF) of I2Q Project.
	Under the national legislation of Georgia, school construction does not require assessment of an environmental impact and issuance of an Environmental Decision. However, with the national regulation system:
	(i) Construction materials must be obtained from licensed providers.

- (ii) If the Contractor wants to open a quarry, an appropriate license must be obtained from the National Agency of Minerals Resources under the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development.
- (iii) Suppose over 200 tons of non-hazardous waste or over 1000 tons of inert materials or over 120 kg of hazardous waste is generated annually due to the contractor's activities. In that case, the contractor shall prepare and obtain approval of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (MEPA) on the Waste Management Plan, prepare the report on waste inventory, and appoint an environmental manager, whose identity information should be submitted to the MEPA following the requirements of the Waste Management Code.
- (iv) Construction waste should be disposed at the official landfill based on the agreement with the Solid Waste Management Company or placed at the pre-selected site officially agreed with local self-government
- (v) The topsoil shall be removed and stored in accordance with the requirements stipulated in the Resolution N424 of the Government of Georgia of December 31, 2013, on the Removal, Storage, Use, and Reclamation of Topsoil.

GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM

A grievance redress mechanism (GRM) will be available to allow project-affected people (PAP) appealing any action or decision on which they disagree.

PAPs will be informed about the available GRM during public consultations and through distributing of brochures prior to commencement of works. In addition, an announcement with relevant information will be displayed on the information boards in the lobbies of buildings of local municipality. APs will be fully informed of their rights and of the procedures for addressing complaints either verbally or in writing during pre-contraction, construction, and operation periods. Care will always be taken to prevent grievances rather than going through a redress process.

Received grievances will be lodged to the MESY and to the MDF. As for grievance monitoring MESY and MDF registers, all received compliances, comments, and how the compliance will be addressed. During public consultations, the local population will be informed about the grievance redress process and received information about contact persons.

The contact person from the MESY is Marine Zhvania (Tel: +995 577 27 88 41, marina.zhvania@iiq.gov.ge, 0102 Tbilisi, Dimitri Uznadze N 52);

The contact person from the MDF is David Arsenashvili (Tel: +995 599 019 183, feedback@mdf.org.ge) and Salome Meparishvili (+995 599 952 067); 150 Davit Aghmashenebeli ave., 4th floor, 0112 Tbilisi, Georgia)

PUBLIC CONSULTATION

Identify when / where the public consultation process will take place On April 11, 2025, the Municipal Development Fund of Georgia (MDF) and the Ministry of Education, Science and Youth of Georgia (MESY) organized public consultation to discuss the design, Environmental and Social Screening Report, and Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) prepared for the sub-project "Construction of Shua Partskhma Public School".

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1: Ortho Photo Attachment 2: General Plan Attachment 3: Topo Plan

Attachment 4: Cadastral Information

Attachment 5: Cadastral Plan Attachment 6: Site photos

Attachment 7: Design drawings (3D visualization etc.)

Attachment 8: Minutes of public consultation

Attachment 9: Agreements/licenses

PART B: SAFEGUARDS INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL /SOCI	ENVIRONMENTAL /SOCIAL SCREENING					
Will the site activity	Activity/Issue	Status	Triggered Actions			
include/involve	1. Rehabilitation	[] Yes No	If yes, see Section A below			
any of the following?	2. New construction	Yes [] No	If yes, see Section A below			
	Individual wastewater treatment system	Yes [] No	If yes, see Section B below			
	4. Historic building(s) and districts	[] Yes No	If yes, see Section C below			
	5. Acquisition of land ¹	[] Yes No	If yes, see Section D below			
	6. Impacts on land and property use	[] Yes No	If yes, see Section E below			
	7. Hazardous or toxic materials ²	[] Yes No	If yes, see Section F below			
	8. Impacts on forests and/or protected areas	[] Yes No	If yes, see Section G below			
	9. Handling / management of medical waste	[] Yes No	If yes, see Section H below			
	10. Traffic and pedestrian safety	Yes [] No	If yes, see Section I below			
	11. Community and labor health and safety	Yes [] No	If yes, see Section J below			

¹ Land acquisitions includes displacement of people, change of livelihood encroachment on private property this is to land that is purchased/transferred and affects people who are living and/or squatters and/or operate a business (kiosks) on land that is being acquired.

² Toxic / hazardous material includes but is not limited to asbestos, lead-containing and other toxic paints, noxious solvents, etc.

PART C: MITIGATION MEASURES

ACTIVITY	PARAMETER	MITIGATION MEASURES CHECKLIST
0. General Conditions	Notification and Worker Safety	 (a) Obtain all legally required permits for construction, extraction, natural construction materials, disposal of waste, and others as relevant. (b) Ensure the supply of personal protective equipment to stall and personnel following good international practice (always hardhats, as needed masks and safety glasses, harnesses, and safety boots), and control its use. (c) Signpost worksites to inform workers of key rules and regulations to follow. (d) Put up information on the company undertaking works at each worksite and provide contact information. (e) Workers' PPE will comply with international good practice (always hardhats, as needed masks and safety glasses, harnesses and safety boots).
	Air Quality	 (a) Keep demolition debris in a controlled area and spray with water to reduce debris dust. (b) Suppress during pneumatic drilling/wall destruction by ongoing water spraying and/or installing dust screen enclosures at the site. (c) Keep the surrounding environment (sidewalks, roads) free of debris to minimize dust. (d) There will be no open burning of construction / waste material at the site. (e) There will be no excessive idling of construction vehicles at sites. (f) Truck loads should be confinement and protected with lining.
A. General Rehabilitation and /or Construction	Noise	(a) Limit construction noise to daytime working hours.(b) During operations, the engine covers of generators, close air compressors, and other powered mechanical equipment, and place equipment as far away from residential areas as possible.(c) The maximum allowed speed should be restricted.
Activities	Water Quality	 (a) Establish appropriate erosion and sediment control measures such as hay bales and/or silt fences to prevent sediment from moving off-site and causing excessive turbidity in nearby streams and rivers. (b) Wash construction vehicles and machinery only in designated areas where runoff will not pollute natural surface water bodies. (c) Lubricants, fuel and solvents should be stored and used for servicing machinery exclusively in the designated sites, with adequate lining of the ground and confinement of possible operation and emergency spills. Spill containment materials (sorbents, sand, sawing, chips etc.) should be available on construction site.

i r.		
		(a) Minimize the amount of generated waste to the extent possible.
		(b) Separate various types of generated waste and re-use / recycle relevant types of waste to the
		possible extent.
		(c) Allocate sites for temporary on-site storage of various types of waste. Do not allow the
	Waste management	accumulation of excessive amounts of waste on-site.
		(d) Obtain formal arrangements with municipal authorities to dispose of household waste and final
		placement of excess material (inert construction waste).
		(e) Make timely arrangements for the disposal or hand-over of hazardous waste to licensed
		companies.
		a) Use existing plants, quarries, or borrow pits with appropriate official approval or valid operating
		license.
		b) Obtain licenses for any new quarries and/or borrowing areas if their operation is required;
	Material supply	c) Reinstate used sections of quarries and/or borrowing areas as extraction proceeds on or properly
		closed quarries if extraction completed and license expired.
		d) Haul materials in off-peak traffic hours.
		e) Place speed regulating, diverting, and warning signs for traffic as appropriate.
		a) Ensure that the approach of handling sanitary wastes and wastewater and the design of the
		treatment system is approved by relevant authorities.
		b) Ensure that before discharging into receiving waters, effluents from individual wastewater
B. Individual		c) systems are treated in order to meet the minimal quality criteria set out by national guidelines
wastewater	Water Quality	d) on effluent quality and wastewater treatment
treatment	,	e) Undertake monitoring of newly established wastewater treatment systems and report to
system		e) Undertake monitoring of newly established wastewater treatment systems and report tof) Employer on the monitoring outcome
		The complete of the monitoring outcome
		g) Wash construction vehicles and machinery only in designated areas where runoff will not pollute
		natural surface water bodies.
		(a) Topsoil should be stripped before starting of earthworks.
		(b) Proper topsoil storage practice should be applied to ensure to maintain physical-chemical and
J. Community		biological activity of the soil; Temporary protective silt fencing should be erected to avoid erosion
and labor health	Earthworks	(wash down).
and safety		(c) Stored topsoil should be used for reinstatement and landscaping.
		(d) Topsoil from the sites, which will not be reinstated to the initial conditions will be distributed
		(a) reposition the sites, which will not be rematated to the initial conditions will be distributed

	 carefully on the surrounding area. (e) Topsoil will be reinstated separately from subsoil, with care taken to avoid mixing of the materials. The topsoil reinstatement will be sufficient to restore the fertile depth to the initial conditions as judged by the topsoil strip during visual observation and comparison of the reinstated site and adjacent land. When replacing the topsoil Contractor will program the works such that the areas furthest away from the stockpiles are reinstated first with reinstatement getting progressively closer to the stockpiles, thus reducing the number of vehicle movements over the reinstated topsoil. The reinstated topsoil will then be harrowed, where practical, to protect the stability and promote vegetative growth. (f) In case chance find is encountered in the course of earth works, the contractor must immediately stop any physical activity on site and informs the MDF. The MDF promptly notifies the Ministry of Culture and Monument Protection, which takes over responsibility for the following course of action. Works may resume only upon receipt of written permission from the Ministry of Culture and Monument Protection.
Public relationship management	 (a) Assign a local liaison person within the Contractor's team to communicate with and receive requests/ complaints from the local population. (b) Consult local communities to identify and proactively manage potential conflicts between an external workforce and local people. (c) Raise local community awareness about sexually transmitted disease risks associated with an external workforce and include local communities in awareness activities. (d) Inform the population about construction and work schedules, interruption of services, traffic detour routes and provisional bus routes, blasting, and demolition, as appropriate. (e) Limit construction activities at night. When necessary, ensure that night work is carefully scheduled, and the community is adequately informed about taking essential measures. (f) At least five days in advance of any service interruption (including water, electricity, telephone, bus routes), advise the community through postings at the worksite, at bus stops, and in affected homes/businesses. (g) Address concerns raised through Grievance Redress Mechanism established by the Employer within the designated timeline within the scope of Contractor's liability. (h) To the extent possible, do not locate work camps close to local communities. Undertake siting and operation of worker camps in consultation with neighboring communities.

PART D: MONITORING PLAN

Activity	What (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	Where (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	How (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	When (Define the frequency / or continuous?)	Why (Is the parameter being monitored?)	Who (Is responsible for monitoring?)			
	CONSTRUCTION PHASE								
Supply with construction materials	Purchase of construction materials from the officially registered suppliers	In the supplier's office or warehouse	Verification of documents	During the conclusion of the supply contracts	To ensure technical reliability and safety of infrastructure	MDF, Construction supervisor			
Transportation of construction materials and waste Movement of construction machinery	Vehicles and machinery are kept in standard technical condition; Truck loads are confined and protected with lining; Established hours and routes of transportation are respected	Construction site	Inspection	Unannounced inspections during work hours and beyond	Limit pollution of soil and air from emissions; Limit nuisance to local communities from noise and vibration; Minimize traffic disruption.	MDF, Construction supervisor, Traffic Police			
Earthworks	Temporary storage of excavated material in the pre-defined and agreed upon locations; Backfilling of the excavated material and/or its disposal to the formally designated locations; In case of chance finds immediate suspension of works, notification of the Ministry of Culture and Monument Protection, and resumption of works exclusively upon formal consent of the Ministry. Topsoil is striped before starting of the earthworks; Proper topsoil storage practice is applied; Temporary protective silt fencing is erected;	Construction site	Inspection	In the course of earth works;	Prevent pollution of the construction site and its surroundings with construction waste; Prevent damage and loss of physical cultural resources; Prevent topsoil losses.	MDF, Construction supervisor			

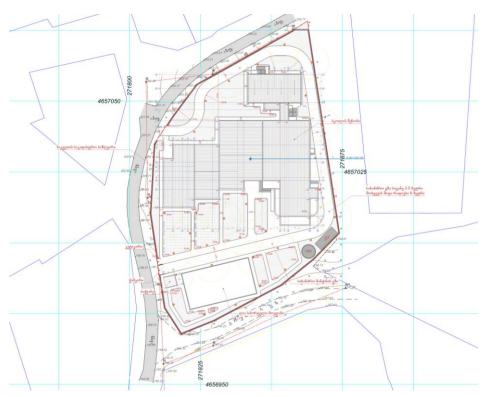
	Striped topsoil is used for reinstatement and landscaping.					
Sourcing of the natural construction material	Purchase of material from the existing suppliers if feasible; Obtaining of extraction license by the works contract and strict compliance with the license conditions; Terracing of the borrow area, backfilling to the exploited areas of the borrow site, and landscape harmonization; Excavation of river gravel and sand from outside of the water stream, arrangement of protective barriers of gravel between excavation area and the water stream, and no entry of machinery into the water stream.	Borrowing areas	Inspection of documents Inspection of works	In the course of material extraction	Limiting erosion of slopes and degradation of ecosystems and landscapes; Limiting erosion of riverbanks, water pollution with suspended particles, and disruption of aquatic life.	MDF, Construction supervisor
Generation of construction waste	The temporary storage of construction waste in specially allocated areas; Timely disposal of waste to the formally designated locations	Construction site; Waste disposal site	Inspection	Periodically during construction and upon complaints	Prevent pollution of the construction site and nearby area with solid waste	MDF, Construction supervisor
Traffic disruption and limitation of pedestrian access	Installation of traffic limitation/diversion signage; Storage of construction materials and temporary placement of construction waste in a way preventing congestion of access roads	At and around the construction site	Inspection	In the course of construction works	Prevent traffic accidents; Limit nuisance to residents	MDF, Construction supervisor
Workers' health and safety	Provision of uniforms and safety gear to workers; Provision of potable water and lavatories for men and women at worksite;	Construction site	Inspection	Unannounced inspections in the course of work	The limited occurrence of on-the-job accidents and emergencies	MDF, Construction supervisor

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	Informing of workers and					
	personnel on the personal					
	safety rules and instructions					
	for operating					
	machinery/equipment, and					
	strict compliance with these					
	rules/instructions;					
	Adoption and adherence to					
	plan for preventing spread of					
	COVID-19 infection and					
	action in response to the					
	possible outbreak.					
Works within	Informing affecting	Construction site	Inspection	Recurrent	Ensure the safety of	MDF,
settlement	population on the upcoming				residents and minimize	Construction
	works and any temporary				nuisance	supervisor
	disruptions of municipal					
	service provision that may					
	occur during works;					
	Observance of the					
	established working hours					
	during daytime, minimizing					
	noise and dust emissions,					
	limiting speed of moving					
	construction vehicles and					
	machinery.					
			PERATION PHASE	T	,	
Generation of waste	Proper management of solid	Municipal area	Inspection	Throughout operation	Prevent pollution with	MESY
from maintenance of	waste			of the school	solid waste	
school						
Operation of sewage	Providing regular	School territory	Inspection	During operation of	Prevent pollution of	MESY
biological treatment	maintenance and timely			facility	surface and ground	
unit	repair, once required, to the				water with untreated	
	biological treatment unit				sewage	
	provided for the school					
	building					

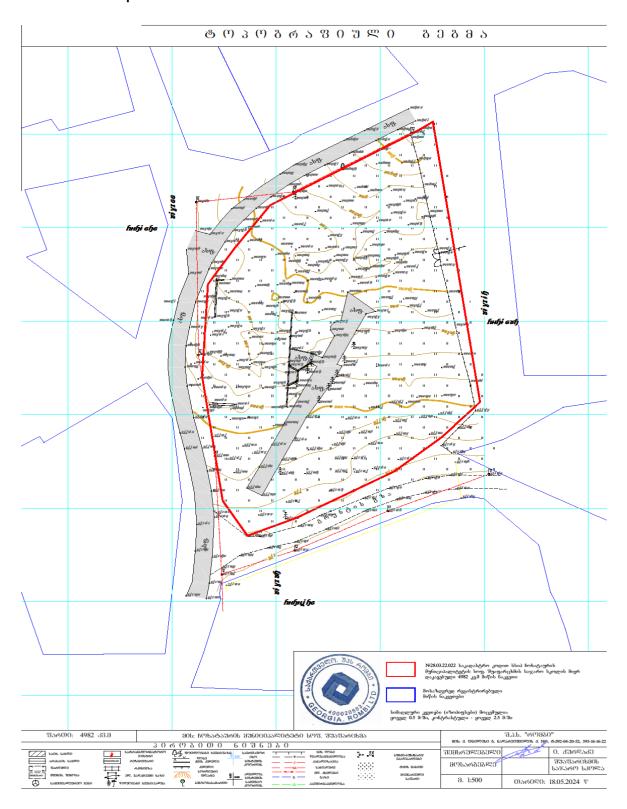
Attachment 1: Ortho Photo



Attachment 2: General Plan



Attachment 3: Topo Plan



Attachment 4: Cadastral Information



მინის (უძრავი ქონების) საკადასტრო კოდი N 28.03.22.022

ამონაწერი საჯარო რეესტრიდან

განცხადების რეგისტრაცია N 892024933602 - 18/12/2024 13:02:38

მომზადების თარიღი 13/01/2025 13:00:13

საკუთრების განყოფილება

8ონა სექტორი ჩოხატაური ფარცხმა

ნაკვეთი

22

ნაკვეთის საკუთრების ტიპი: საკუთრება ნაკვეთის დანიშნულება: არასასოფლო სამეურნეო დაზუსტებული ფართობი: 4982.00 კვ.მ. ნაკვეთის წინა ნომერი:28.03.02.229;

მისამართი: მუნიციპალიტეტი ჩოხატაური , სოფელი შუაფარცხმა

მესაკუთრის განყოფილება

022

განცხადების რეგისტრაცია : ნომერი 892024933602 , თარიღი 18/12/2024 13:02:38 უფლების რეგისტრაცია: თარიღი 13/01/2025

უფლების დამადასტურებელი დოკუმენტი:

03

გადაწყვეტილება N135746 , დამოწმების თარიღი:16/08/2022 , საქართველოს იუსტიციის სამინისტროს საჯარო

რეესტრის ეროვნული სააგენტო

• მომართვა N2-16/129 , დამოწმების თარიღი:11/03/2008 , ეკონომიკური განვითარების სამინისტროს სახელმწიფო ქონების აღრიცხვისა და პრივატიზების სამეგრელო-გურია-სვანეთის სამხარეო სამმართველო

28

მესაკუთრეები: სახელმწიფო , ID ნომერი:203840433

მესაკუთრე: სახელმწიფო აღწერა:

იპოთეკა

საგადასახადო გირავნობა:

რეგისტრირებული არ არის

სარგებლობა

განცხადების რეგისტრაცია ნომერი 892023097543

მოსარგებლე: სსიპ ''ⴌოხატაურის მუნიციპალიტეტის სოფელ შუაფარცხმის საჭარო 242007476

მესაკუთრე: სახელმწიფო 203840433;

თარიღი 10/10/2023 14:43:57

საგანი:მიწის ნაკვეთი 4982 კვ.მ.; ქონება გადაცემულია უვადო სარგებლობის უფლებით;

წერილი, რეესტრის ნომერი N12/15114, დამოწმების თარიღი29/04/2014, სახელმწიფო ქონების ეროვნული სააგენტოს სამეგრელო-გურია-ზემო სვანეთის მომსახურების ცენტრი

უფლების რეგისტრაცია: თარიღი 13/10/2023

ვალდებულება

ყადაღა/აკრძალვა:

რეგისტრირებული არ არის

მოვალეთა რეესტრი:

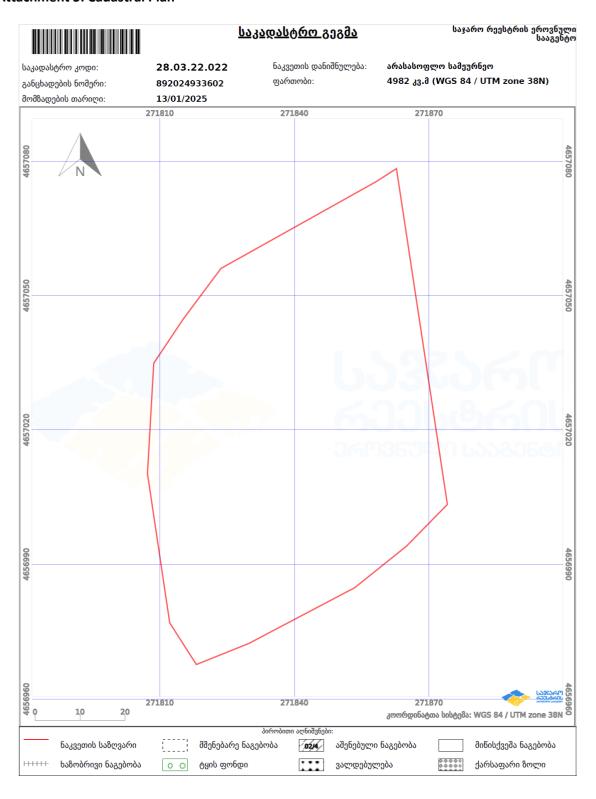
რეგისტრირებული არ არის

- ფიზიკური პირის მიერ არასამეწარმეო საქმიანობის ფარგლებში 2 წლამდე ვადით საკუთრებაში არსებული ქონების/აქტივის მიწოდებით ნამეტი შემოსავლის მიღების მემთხვევაში ფიზიკური პირი ვალდებულია არაუგვიანეს საანგარიშო თვის მომდევნო თვის 15 რიცხვისა საგადასახადო თრგანოს წარუდგინოს დეკლარაცია საშემოსავლო გადასახადის შესახებ და ამავე ვადაში გადაიხადოს კუთვნილი საშემოსავლო გადასახდი. საგადასახადო წლის განმავლობაში გადახდის წყაროსთან დაუკავებლად 1000 ლარის ან მეტი ღირებულების ქონების საჩუქრად მიღებისას საშემოსავლო გადასახადი.

აღნიშნული ფიზიკური პირი იმავე ვადაში წარუდგენს დეკლარაციას საგადასახადო ორგანოს. აღნიშნული ვალდებულების შეუსრულებლობა ნარმოადგენს საგადასახადო სამართალდარღვევას, რაც იწვევს პასუხისმგებლობას საგადასახადო კოდექსის XL თავის მიხედვით. დოკუმენტის ნამდვილობის გადამოწმება შესაძლებელია საჯარო რეესტრის ეროვნული სააგენტოს ოფიციალურ ვებ–გვერდზე

დოკუმენტის ნამდვილობის გადაძონმება მესაძლებელია საჭაოო ოეესტოის ეროვიული სააგეიტოს ოფიციალუო ვეს-გვუოდაე www.napr.gov.ge; ამონანერის მიღება შესაძლებულია ვებ-გვერდზე www.napr.gov.ge, ნებისმიერ ტერიტორიულ სარეგისტრაციო სამსახურში, იუსტიციის სახლებსა და სააგენტოს აგეტორატებულ პირებთან; ამონაწერში ტექნიკური ხარვების, აღმოჩენის შემთხვევაში დაგვიკავშირდით: 2 405405 ან პირადად შეავსეთ განაცხადი ვებ-გვერდზე; კონსულბიცის მიღება შესაძლებელია იუსტიციის სახლის ცხელ ხაზმა 2 405405; კონსულბიცის მიღება შესაძლებელია იუსტიციის სახლის ცხელ ხაზმა 2 405405 დაგვიკავშირდით ცხელ ხაზმა: 2 405405 თქვენთვის საინტერესო ნებისშიერ საკითხთან დაკავშირებით მოგვნერეთ ელ-ფოსტით: info@napr.gov.ge

Attachment 5: Cadastral Plan



საჯარო რეესტრის ეროვნული სააგენტო:ქ. თბილისი, ვახტანგ გორგასლის ქუჩა, 22; ტელ: (995 32) 2 25 15 28; http://napr.gov.ge

Attachment 6: Site photos



Attachment 7: Design drawings (3D visualization etc.)









Shua Partskhma, Chokhatauri Municipality

Georgia I2Q Project

Construction of Shua Partskhma Public School

Public Consultation meeting

on the draft Environmental and Social Screening Report and Environmental and Social Management Plan

On April 11, 2025, the Municipal Development Fund of Georgia (MDF) and the Ministry of Education, Science and Youth of Georgia (MESY) organized public consultation to discuss the design, Environmental and Social Screening Report, and Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) prepared for the sub-project "Construction of Shua Partskhma Public School". The meeting was carried out in the Shua Partskhma Public School. The specific place was selected according to the project specification. Consultation meeting details (date, time and contact information) were included in the announcement. The announcements were posted on the streets near the SP territory, as well as on the school information board and on the websites of the MDF and MESY.

The consultation aimed to inform the interested parties about the SP, scheduled works under the SP, its potential negative/positive impacts on the natural and social environment, and their prevention or mitigation measures.

Those present at the meeting from the Shua Partskhma Public School: Director of the school -Head of the resource center. Teachers, parents and pupils of the school **Local government -** Davit Sharashidze – Mayor of Chokhatauri; Head of the infrastructure department of the Chokhatauri Municipality. **Representatives of MESY:** – GRM contact person Representatives of the Municipal Development Fund of Georgia: Environmental Specialist Beneficiary Relations Specialist opened the meeting and presented representatives of the MDF and MESY and the meeting objectives. briefly introduced SP and discussed in detail all the construction and demolishing works planned under the SP. During the first stage the remaining demolition works than earthwork and construction activities will be conducted. explained that according to the Environmental Assessment Code of Georgia, the SP does not require the Environmental Decision from the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (MEPA). However, to ensure the SP's environmental and social safety, MDF is responsible for following the World Bank (WB) safeguard policies. Therefore, presented the WB's social and environmental screening procedures and presented the ESMP elaborated for this SP.

briefly discussed ESMP's content and structure. presented the environmental, social, public

relations, and labor-management measures described in the document. As an essential part of the ESMP, informed the attendees about potential environmental and social risks associated with this SP and mitigation measures to prevent or minimize those negative impacts.

mentioned that according to the design, no tree cutting is required, excavated soil will be fully reused on site territory for yard landscaping.

noted that ESMP forms an integral part of the civil works contract. Therefore, thorough implementation of ESMP provisions aimed to protect the social and natural environment and human health is obligatory for the work contractor. also discussed the environmental monitoring aspects, responsible parties for the environmental supervision, and reporting procedures during the SP implementation.

mentioned that the SP implementation does not necessitate land take or resettlement, or the economic displacement (for example, for formal or informal vendors). Informed the participants about procedures and the importance of the Grievance Redress Mechanism established at MDF. Shared information about contact persons for communication, in case of existence of any complaints concerning environmental or social issues and/or expressing the comments and suggestions. In provided information regarding billboards where they can find GRM contact information (phone numbers and emails), complaint boxes that will be available at every construction site and grievance forms for anonymous complaints. It distributed brochures with GRM contact information through the audience.

presented to the audience information on the public engagement, feedback mechanisms and gender-related aspects of the SP implementation. Leaflets with information on handling sexual harassment and gender-based violence were distributed among the participants.

At the end of the meeting, the audience participated in a Q&A session concerning the presented issues. The following questions were entertained:

Questions and Remarks:	Answers and Comments:
When we will have the new school?	Construction works will be completed in the end quarter of 2026.
Will the school have a Stadium?	Yes, the school will have multifunctional stadium
Which company is responsible for carrying out these works?	MGD LTD company is responsible for carrying out these works

The participants expressed their gratitude and noted that the implementation of this SP is highly important and the priority for the pupils, teachers, parents, and local population.

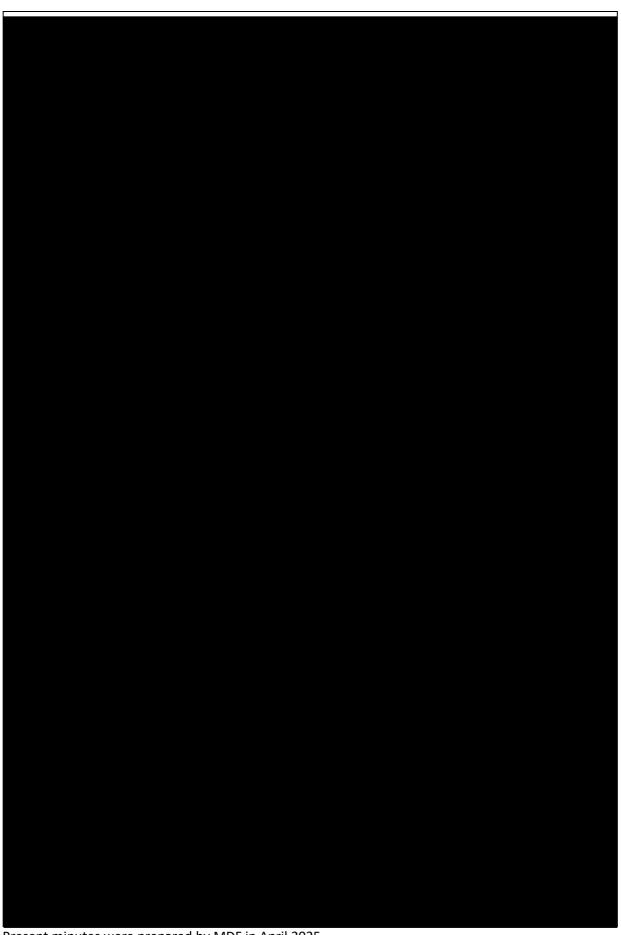
Attendees expressed their positive attitude towards the SP.

Photo materials are enclosed:



List of Attendees:

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			The materials bearing to make	mali 27afiahamaha	~		
	შუა ფარგბმას საჯარო სკოლის მშენებლობა (ჩობატაურის მუნიციპალიტეტი)						
	Construction of the village Shua Partskhma Public School (Chokhatauri Municipality)						
	შეხვედრაზე დამსწრეთა რეგისტრაციის ფურცელი						
	Public Consultation Meeting						
	List of Attendees						
	# სახელი და გვარი / Full Name	მისამართი / Address	ორგანიზაცია / Organization	საკონტაქტო ინფორმაცია / Contact Information	ხელმოწერა / Signature		
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Present minutes were prepared by MDF in April 2025.

Agreement for waste disposal

მომსახურების ხელშეკრულება N10

ქ. თზილისი შპს "საქართველოს მყარი ნარჩენების მართვის კომპანია", წარმოდგენილი მისი დირექტორის სახით, (შემდგომში წოდებული როგორც "შემსრულებელი") ერთის მხრივ და მეორეს მხრივ შპს "მგდ" წარმოდენილი მისი დირექტორის სახით, (შემდგომში წოდებული როგორც "დამკვეთი") საქართველოს მოქმედი კანონმდებლობისა და საწარმოს წესდების მე-8 მუხლის მე-8 პუნქტის შესაბამისად, ურთიერთ შეთანხმების საფუძველზე დებენ ხელშეკრულებას შემდეგზე:

1.1 შემსრულებელი ორგანიზაცია 2023 წლის 29 დეკემზრის N86-ო ბრძანების საფუძველზე, ახორციელებს იურიდიული და/ან ფიზიკური პირების მიერ წარმოქმნილი სამშენებლო და წგრევის შედეგად მიღებული ნარჩენის განთავსების მომსახურებას შემსრულებლის ბალანსზე არსებული ქ.ლაგოდეხისა და ქ.ჩოხატაურის არასახიფათო ნარჩენების ნაგავსაყრელზე მომსახურეზა).

მუხლი 2. ხელშეკრულების პირობები

2.1 შემსრულებელი ვალდებულია დროულად და ხარისხიანად მოემსახუროს დამკვეთს და უზრუნველყოს ხელშეკრულების 1.1 პუნქტში აღნიშნული მომსახურების გაწევა.

მუხლი 3. მხარეთა უფლება-მოვალეობები

3.1 შემსრულებელის უფლება-მოვალეობები:

3.2 დროულად და ხარისხიანად განახორციელოს 1.1 მუხლში აღნიშნული მომსახურება.

3.3 მომსახურების გაწევისას დაიცვას საერთაშორისო სტანდარტებითა და ტექნიკური რეგლამენტებით განსაზღვრული პირობები.

3.4 ხელშეკრულებით განსაზღვრულ ვადაში დამკვეთისაგან მოითხოვოს მომსახურების ღირებულების დროულად გადახდა.

3.5 დამკვეთისაგან მოითხოვოს წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულების პირობების დაცვა.

3.6 დამკვეთის უფლება-მოვალეობები:

3.7 ხელშეკრულების მოქმედების პერიოდში მოითხოვოს შემსრულებლისაგან წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულების პირობების დაცვა.

3.8 ხელშეკრულებით განსაზღვრულ ვადაში და პირობებით გადაუხადოს შემსრულებელს მომსახურების ღირებულება.

3.9 შემსრულებლის კუთვნილ არასახიფათო ნარჩენების ნაგავსაყრელზე ნარჩენის შემოტანა უზრუნველყოს სახანმრო და უსაფრთხოების ნორმების დაცვით.

მუხლი 4. ანგარიშსწორება და ხელშეკრულების ღირებულება

4.1 1 (ერთი) ტონა იურიდიული და/ან ფიზიკური პირების მიერ წარმოქმნილი სამშენებლო და ნგრევის შედეგად მიღებული ნარჩენის განთავსების მომსახურების ღირებულება შეადგენს 10 (ათი) ლარს დღგ-ს ჩათვლით.

4.2 დამკვეთი ვალდებულია მიღებული მომსახურების თანხა ჩარიცხოს შემსრულებლის საბანკო ანგარიშზე შესაბამისი ანგარიშ-ფაქტურის ატვირთვიდან 10 (ათი) კალენდარულ დღეში.

4.3 შემსრულებლის მიერ წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულებით ნაკისრი ვალდებულებების შესრულების

შემდეგ მხარეები ადგენენ ნარჩენების განთავსების აქტს.

4.4 შემსრულებლის მხრიდან ნარჩენების განთავსების აქტს ხელს აწერს შემსრულებლის სტრუქტურული ერთეულის - რეგიონული მართვის დეპარტამენტის თანამშრომელი შესაბამის რეგიონში.

მუხლი 5. ხელშეკრულების მოქმედების ვადა და მისი შეწყვეტის წესი

5.1 წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულება ძალაში შედის მხარეთა მიერ მისი ხელმოწერის მომენტიდან და მოქმედებს მხარეთა მიერ ნაკისრი ვალდებულებების სრულად და ჯეროვნად შესრულებამდე - 2025 წლის 31 დეკემბრის ჩათვლით.

5.2 ხელშეკრულების ვადამდე შეწყვეტა მხარეებს არ ათავისუფლებთ ხელშეკრულების შეწყვეტამდე შესასრულებელი ვალდებულების შესრულების მოვალეობისაგან.

მუხლი 6. სადავო საკითხების მოგვარება

6.1 დამკვეთსა და შემსრულებელს შორის წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულების რეალიზაციისას წარმოშობილი სადავო საკითხები წესრიგდება მხარეთა შეთანხმებით, ხოლო შეთანხმების მიუღწევლობის შემთხვევაში სადავო საკითხს განიხილავს სასამართლო.

მუხლი 7. დასკვნითი დებულებები

- 7.1 წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულების ყველა მუხლი და დანართი წარმოადგენს მის განუყოფელ ნაწილს. ხელშეკრულებაში ცვლილების შეტანა შეიძლება მოხდეს მხარეთა შეთანხმებით მხოლოდ წერილობით.
- 7.2 ხელშეკრულების მხარეები თანხმდებიან მასზედ, რომ იმ შემთხვევაში, თუ შემსრულებელი ორგანიზაციის 2023 წლის 29 დეკემბრის N86-ო ბრმანების დანართში, რომლითაც რეგულირდება შესატანი ნარჩენის სახეობები და საფასური შევა რაიმე სახის ცვლილება, ხელშეკრულება დაკორექტირდება შესაბამისად.
- 7.3 წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულება შედგენილია 2 (ორი) თანაბარი იურიდიული ძალის მქონე ეგზემპლარად ქართულ ენაზე. ერთი ეგზემპლარი გადაეცემა დამკვეთს, ხოლო ერთი ეგზემპლარი ინახება შემსრულებელთან.

მუხლი 8. მხარეთა რეკვიზიტები და ხელმოწერები:



Agreement for hazardous waste handling

ხელშეკრულება №

წარმოება-დაწესებულებებიდან, ორგანიზაციებიდან - ჩამოწერილი, ვადაგასული პროდუქტებისა და სახიფათო ნარჩენების გატანა-განადგურებაზე

ქ. თზილისი

31 ივლისი 2024 წელი

ერთის მხრივ, შ**ჰს "მგდ**", წარმოდგენილი დირექტორის, სახით, შემდგომში მოხსენიებული, როგორც "შემსყიდველი" და, მეორეს მხრივ, **შპს "მედიკალ ტექნოლოგი",** წარმოდგენილი დირექტორის (წარმომადგენელი), სახით, შემდგომში მოხსენიებული, როგორც "მიმწოდებელი", ვდებთ წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულებას შემდეგზე:

1. ხელშეკრულების საგანი

1.1 "შემსყიდველი" უკვეთავს, ხოლო "მიმწოდებელი" ვალდებულებას კისრულობს გაუწიოს შემსყიდველს მომსახურება - გაანადგუროს შემსყიდველის გაუვარგისებული და დაბინძურებული ჩვრები, დაბინძურებული სპეც. ტანსაცმელი, ტარა.

1.2 გასანადგურებელი პროდუქციის სრული მოცულობა და ღირებულება დამოკიდებულია თითოეულ შეკვეთაზე.

2. ფასი და ანგარიშსწორების პირობები

2.1 წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულებით გათვალისწინებული მომსახურების ღირებულება განისაზღვრება, ჩამოსაწერი პროდუქციის წონის მიხედვით.

2.2 თითოეული კგ. საქონლის უტილიზაციის ღირებულება შეადგენს 2.80 ლარს დღგ-ს ჩათვლით. სატრანსპორტო მომსახურების საფასურია: ჩოხატაურის მუნიციპალიტეტი - 350 ლარი და ლაგოდეხის მუნიციპალიტეტი - 350 ლარი.

2.3 მომსახურების ღირებულების ანაზღაურება მოხდება მომსახურების დასრულების შემდგომ.

2.4 ანგარიშსწორება განხორციელდება პროდუქტის საგადასახადო ანგარიშ-ფაქტურის შემსყიდველისათვის წარდგენიდან 5 სამუშაო დღის ვადაში.

3. პროდუქციის განადგურების პირობები

3.1 შემსყიდველი ვალდებულია გასანადგურებელი პროდუქციის მიწოდებამდე 2 (ორი) სამუშაო დღით ადრე შეატყობინოს მიმწოდებელს გასანადგურებელი პროდუქციის ოდენობის შესახებ.

3.2 პროდუქციის ტერიტორიიდან გატანისას ფორმდება შესაბამისი მიღება - ჩაბარების აქტი სადაც

აისახება გასანადგურებელი პროდუქციის რაოდენობა.

3.3 მიმწოდებელი ვალდებულია პროდუქციის გატანიდან 5 - 10 კალენდარული დღის ვადაში გაანადგუროს პროდუქცია და განადგურებიდან არაუგვიანეს მომდევნო სამუშაო დღისა მიაწოდოს შემსყიდველს მიწოდებული პროდუქტის განდგურების აქტი.

4. მხარეთა უფლება-მოვალეობები

4.1 მიმწოდელებლის უფლება-მოვალეობები:

4.1.1 მიმწოდელებელი ადასტურებს, რომ გააჩნია სრული უფლებამოსილება წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულებით ნაკისრი ვალდებულებების შესრულებისთვის, რაც დასტურდება საქართველოს გარემოს დაცვის სამინისტროს მიერ 29.12.2015წელს გაცემული №74 ეკოლოგიური დასკვნა და 16.01.2017წელს გაცემული №000233, MD-1 ნებართვით.

4.1.2 მიმწოლებელი ვალდებულია წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულებით გათვალისწინებული ვალდებულებების შესრულებისას იმოქმედოს საქართველოს კანონმდებლობის სრული დაცვით და სრულად არის პასუხისმგებელი პროდუქციის განადგურების დროს ეკოლოგიური პირობების დაცვაზე.

4.1.3 მიმწოდელებელი ვალდებულია განახორციელოს მომსახურება წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულებით

გათვალისწინებულ ვადებში.

4.1.4 მიმწოდელებელს უფლება აქვს მოსთხოვოს შემსყიდველს წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულებით ნაკისრი ვალდებულებების შესრულება.

4.2 შემსყიდველის უფლება-მოვალეობები:

4.2.1 შემსყიდველი ვალდებულია წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულებით განსაზღვრულ ვადებში

აუნაზღაუროს მიმწოდელებელს მომსახურების ღირებულება.

4.2.2 შემსყიდველი უფლეზამოსილია მოსთხოვოს მიმწოდეზელს ზარალის ანაზღაურეზა, მიმწოდებლის მიერ წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულებით გათვალისწინებული ვალდებულებების არაჯეროვნად შესრულების შემთხვევაში.

5. დავათა გადაწყვეტა

5.1 წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულება განიმარტება საქართველოს მოქმედი კანონმდებლობის

შესაბამისად.

5.2 მხარეთა შორის დავა წყდება ურთიერთმოლაპარაკების საფუძველზე, შეთანხმების მიუღწევლობის შემთხვევაში, მხარეთა შორის დავა წყდება სასამართლოს წესით საქართველოს კანონმდებლობის შესაბამისად.

6. კონფიდენციალურობა

6.1 მხარეთა მიერ ურთიერთთანამშრომლობის შედეგად მოპოვებული ინფორმაცია წარმოადგენს კონფიდენციალურ ინფორმაციას და არ დაიშვება წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულების პირობების გაცნობა მესამე პირთათვის, მეორე მხარის წინასწარი წერილობითი თანხმობის გარეშე. აგრეთვე მხარეებმა უნდა უზრუნველყონ ხელშეკრულების შესრულებისათვის გამიზნული კორესპონდენციისა და სხვა საქმიანი დოკუმენტაციის მესამე პირთაგან დაცვა.

6.2 მხარეთა ეს მოვალეობა ძალაშია ხელშეკრულების შეწყვეტის შემდეგაც.

6.3 კონფიდენციალური ინფორმაციის ნებისმიერი სახით მესამე პირთათვის გადაცემის შემთხვევაში (გარდა კანონმდებლობით გათვალისწინებული შემთხვევებისა) დამრღვევი მხარე ვალდებულია გადაუხადოს მეორე მხარეს პირგასამტეხლო. პირგასამტეხლოს ოდენობა განსაზღვრული იქნება მეორე მხარის მიერ.

7. ფორს-მაჟორი

7.1 წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულების დარღვევად არ ჩაითვლება შემთხვევა, როცა რომელიმე მხარე ვერ ახერხებს თავისი მოვალეობების შესრულებას ფორს-მაჟორული (დაუძლეველი) გარემოების ზემოქმედების გამო;

7.2 ფორს-მაჟორული გარემოებების აღმოფხვრის შემდგომ მხარეები შეთანხმდებიან ხელშეკრულებით ნაკისრი ვალდებულებების შესრულების ახალ ვადებზე, მომქმედი

კანონმდებლობის შესაბამისად.

8. ხელშეკრულების მოქმედების ვადები

8.1 წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულება ძალაში შედის ორივე მხარის მიერ ხელმოწერის თარიღიდან და

მოქმედებს 2026 წლის 31 დეკემბრამდე.

8.2 იმ შემთხვევაში თუ წინამდებარე ხელშეკრულება არ შეწყდება ხელშეკრულების ვადის გასვლამდე 2 (ორი) კვირით ადრე, მაშინ მისი მოქმედება ყოველ წელს გაგრძელდება იმავე ვადით და იმავე პირობებით.

9. დასკვნითი დებულებები

9.1 მხარეები ხელმძღვანელობენ ურთიერთპატივისცემის პრინციპითა და თანამშრომლობის გაღრმავების სურვილით,

9.2 ხელშეკრულების მხარეები ვალდებულნი არიან გაუფრთხილდნენ თითოეულის სახელს,

საქმიან რეპუტაციას და ღირსებას.

9.3 მხარეთა შორის წამოჭრილი დავები შესაძლებელია გადაწყვეტილ იქნეს ორივე მხარის ერთობლივი მოლაპარაკების საფუძველზე; თუ მხარეები ვერ შეძლებენ მოლაპარაკების

საფუძველზე გადაწყვიტონ დავა, მაშინ ნებისმიერ მხარეს შეუძლია მიმართოს სასამართლოს კანონმდებლობით დადგენილი წესით.

9.4 წინამდებარე ხელმოწერილი ხელშეკრულება შედგენილია 2 (ორი) ეგზემპლარად ქართულ ენაზე, რომელთაგან თითოეულს გააჩნია თანაბარი იურიდიული ძალა და ინახება მხარეებთან.

10. მხარეთა რეკვიზიტები და ხელმოწერები

