

# Construction of the village Shua Partskhma Public School

(Chokhatauri Municipality)

**Environmental and Social Screening Report and** 

**Environmental and Social Management Plan** 

WORLD BANK FINANCED INNOVATION, INCLUSION AND QUALITY PROJECT (GEORGIA 12Q PROJECT)

Tbilisi, Georgia

January 2025

### **Sub-project Description**

Construction of the village Shua Partskhma Public School in Chokhatauri Municipality is one of the subprojects (SP) to be implemented under the Innovation, Inclusion and Quality Project (Georgia I2Q Project).

The SP site is located in the village of Shua Partskhma, in the Chokhatauri Municipality (the land plot is stateowned with cadastral code 28.03.22.022) and occupies 4,982 m<sup>2</sup>. The distance from Tbilisi is approximately 280 km. The nearest residential house is about 20 meters away from the SP.

Accordance with the revised scheme of seismic regions of the territory of Georgia, the SP site falls in the 8-point seismic activity zone according to the MSK64 scale (Order of the Minister of Economic Development of Georgia No. 1-1/2284, October 7, 2009).

The school building is designed to accommodate 150 students. The area allocate for the school construction is situated on relatively non-rocky terrain. To the west, it borders a local road, while on the other side, it is adjacent to privately owned land plots.

The land allocated for the construction of the new school building is vacant, with no existing structures or buildings present on the site.

The SP envisages construction of a two-storied school building (total area: 2,647.60 m<sup>2</sup>) and the landscaping and greening of the surrounding area. The building will feature a main entrance on the ground floor, with hallways connecting the various spaces and staircases leading to the second floor, which will include additional exit points.

The first floor will comprise a main hallway, two staircases, the buffet, classrooms for grades 1–2 and 3–6, storage rooms for classrooms, a security room, room with storage and sanitary facilities, a music room, a medical room with an isolation area, a multipurpose room, a resource room, the director's office, boys' and girls' restrooms, staff restrooms, a large multipurpose room, an art and applied arts room, a studio, a school warehouse, and a maintenance room for school infrastructure.

The second floor will include classrooms for grades 3–6, 6–9, and 6–12, storage rooms for classrooms, a staff lounge, a science laboratory with a support storage room, boys' and girls' restrooms, restrooms with universal access, an IT classroom, a library, an advanced IT classroom for higher grades, a server room, and a multipurpose hall with lockers.

The design ensures a modern, functional, and accessible educational environment, meeting the diverse academic and extracurricular needs of students and staff. In accordance with the design specifications, the entire infrastructure will accommodate individuals with disabilities and other special needs. The building will include emergency exits, two stairwells, and one elevator to ensure accessibility and safety.

Village Shua Partskhma is provided with basic utility services, including water, electricity, and natural gas supply, but no system for wastewater collection and treatment. Residents of Shua Partskhma village use earthen or concrete pit toilets. The SP will provide an autonomous biological treatment system for wastewater management.

The SP foresees the implementation of the following works:

- Preparatory works: installation of temporary structures such as WCs, lockers for the workers, guard booth, storages for materials as well as household and hazardous waste disposal sites);
- Construction of the main building;
- construction of the boiler;
- Installation of a biological treatment unit for receiving sewage;
- Installation of internal networks water supply, electrical and gas supply, heating and ventilation networks for the building;

- Installation of external water supply, power supply, gas supply and internet networks and connecting of them to the existing municipal networks;
- Installation of fire alarm and firefighting systems;
- Arrangement of a stadium;
- Fencing of the territory;
- Arrangement of parking lots.

There are several trees and bushes in the school yard. According to the design of the planed works, there is no need to cut the existing plants as there are no trees in the area intended for the construction of the school building, boiler room, stadium and paths. As a result of the construction works, it is expected that 7300 m<sup>3</sup> of cut soil will be generated, of which 850 m<sup>3</sup> will be reused for backfilling and the rest will be removed to a sanitary landfill operated by Solid Waste Management Company of Georgia based on the agreement with this Company or disposed to a site to be allocated by the municipal authority. Also, for the SP implementation the removal of 380 m<sup>3</sup> topsoil will be required, which will be temporarily stored on the school territory in accordance with the requirements stipulated of the technical regulations approved by the Resolution N424 of the Government of Georgia, dated December 31, 2013, on the Removal, Storage, Use, and Reclamation of Topsoil. After the construction, topsoil will be reused for the landscaping of the school area.

## **Environmental Screening and Classification of Subprojects**

## (A) IMPACT IDENTIFICATION

Does the sub-project have tangible impacton the environment?	The SP will have a modest negative environmental impact. The main impact will be related to the construction phase, which includes works for the construction of the school, stadium and boiler building.	
What are the significant beneficial and adverse environmental effectsof sub-project?	The expected negative environmental impact will have short-term character and will be typical for small-scale construction works in modified landscape: noise, dust, vibration, and emissions from the operation of construction machinery; generation of construction waste. The later impacts are related to the generation of waste from maintenance of the school which will be managed by the local municipality.	
	The SP is located in the area with modified environment. Therefore, the impact will be transitory and insignificant (noise, emissions, construction waste, temporary disturbance of traffic and access, etc.).	
	In operation, phase proper management of generated solid waste should be ensured to reduce impact on the environment.	
May the sub-project have any significant impact on the local communities and other affected people?	The SP is expected to have a long-term positive social impact, as the local residents will be able to have access to the modern school, which will be also adapted to the people with disabilities.	
	Ultimate goal of the SP is to improve the quality and conditions of education for children in village Shua Partskhma. Construction of the school will bring immediate benefits to its users through improved learning spaces, playgrounds, everyday learning activities and in general infrastructure and living conditions. The long-term social impact will be beneficial, as local children and teachers in school will be provided with improved educational and working conditions, increased income of population during the implementation (employment of workers), and after the construction.	
	The SP will create temporary and some permanent job opportunities for the local population (both men and women), as they could be employed during construction and maintenance. Availability of modern school in the community will allow more people (especially those having school age children) to stay in the village Shua Partskhma.	
	Negative impact is short term and limited to the construction site. It is related to the possible disturbance described above.	
	The SP envisages adaption of the school building to make available servicing of people with disabilities.	
	The SP doesn't envisage land take or resettlement, as well as economic displacement (for example, for formal or informal vendors).	

### (B) MITIGATION MEASURES

Were there any alternatives to the sub-project design considered?	No design alternatives were considered at the screening stage, because the school building is yet to be designed under the Design-Build Contract. School design will meet national standards adopted for school buildings and the best feasible alternatives will be selected for design features that may be adjusted to individual locations and demand.
What types of mitigation measures are proposed?	The expected negative impacts of the construction phase can be easily mitigated through proper management of construction activities. The contractor will be responsible for the waste disposal at the permitted location, use the quarry materials from the licensed quarries only or obtain materials only from licensed providers, prevent water and soil from pollution (fuel spills due to equipment failure, concrete spills etc.), avoid disturbance of population (noise, dust, emissions) through proper work/supplies scheduling, traffic management, and good maintenance of the construction machinery.
	Revision of vehicles will be required to ensure that there is no leakage of fuel and lubricating materials, all machinery will be maintained and operated such that all leaks and spills of materials will be minimized, the contractor will be required to organize and cover material storage areas. The material storage sites will be protected from washing outduring heavy rainfalls and flooding through covering by impermeable materials; car maintenance points will not be located within 50 m of any watercourse.
	During SP implementation, warning signs will be used, and traffic will be managed around the work sites.
	Handling of asbestos-containing waste will require much attention to prevent damage to health and safety of workers, nearby communities, and pollution of the environment. Disciplined use of personal protective equipment, watering of the worksite, separate safe on-site storage of hazardous waste, and its timely disposal to the designated landfill operated by the Solid Waste Management Company of Georgia will be applied as mitigation measures. Local residents will be warned on the health risks associated with the re-use of asbestos-containing material and their agreement to allow disposal of such material will be secured.
	Community health and safety will be an issue during the construction phase as residential buildings are located near the SP site. The contractor will be responsible for taking specific measures to mitigate the impact on locals, including informing the affected population on the upcoming works and any temporary disruptions of municipal services, limiting working hours to daytime, limiting the speed of moving construction vehicles & machinery, minimizing noise & dust emissions, etc.
	No major hazards are expected during the construction works, as long as proper construction practices and safety procedures are applied.
	There are grass cover and topsoil layer on the designing territory. The revealed topsoil will be fully re-used for the landscaping. Before commencing the soil works, cleaning of designing territory from grass-type plants, topsoil will be removed and temporary stored.

What lessons from theprevious similar projects have been incorporated into the sub-project design?	MDF has a broad experience in the implementation of reconstruction / rehabilitation for medium and large-scale buildings (including public schools and kindergartens) roads and streets financed by various donor organizations. Based on lessons learned from previous similar projects, design envisages not only the construction of the school, but also the improvement of heating, ventilation and fire control system, hot water supply, lighting systems and reference energy saving potential, implementation of energy efficiency improvement measures. The infrastructure of the school will be adapted for receiving and servicing of people with disabilities.
Have concerned communities been involved and have their interests and knowledge been adequately taken intoconsideration in sub- project preparation?	The SP was developed by the Ministry of Education, Science, and Youth (MESY) together with local resource center, as a response to the current situation.
	An Environmental and Social Management Plan (ESMP) to be drafted for the SP will be made available for the beneficiaries and other interested parties and will be discussed in a consultation meeting.
	Information about the public consultation meeting will be announced both on the official websites of the MDF and MESY, as well as on the information boards of the school and the local municipality building.
	The public discussion will be organized by MDF and MESY. The public discussion will be attended by all the interested parties, including parents of the school students. Information about the exact time and place of the public consultation meeting will be announced at least 10 days prior.

## (C) CATEGORIZATION AND CONCLUSION

- 1. Subproject is declined
- 2. Subproject is accepted

Subproject preparation requires:

1. Completion of the Environmental and Social Management Checklist for Small Construction and Rehabilitation Activities

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2. Environmental and Social Review, including development of Environmental and Social Management Plan

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## Social and Cultural Resource Screening of SP

	Social safeguards screening information	Yes	No
1	Is the information related to the affiliation, ownership and land use status		
	of the sub-project site available and verifiable? (The screening cannot be	х	
	completed until this is available)		
2	Will the sub-project reduce people's access to their economic resources,		
	such as land, pasture, water, public services, sites of common public use or		Х
	other resources that they depend on?		
3	Will the sub-project result in resettlement of individuals or families or		
	require the acquisition of land (public or private, temporarily or		Х
	permanently) for its development?		
4	Will the project result in the temporary or permanent loss of crops, fruit		
	trees and household infra-structure (such as ancillary facilities, fence, canal,		Х
	granaries, outside toilets and kitchens, etc.)?		
If a	nswer to any above question (except question 1) is "Yes", then OP/BP 4.12 Invo	oluntary Re	esettlement
is a	pplicable and mitigation measures should follow this OP/BP 4.12 and the reset	tlement	
Pol	icyFramework		
	Cultural resources safeguard screening information	Yes	No
5	Will the project require excavation near any historical, archaeological or		Х
	cultural heritage site?		
If a	nswer to question 5 is "Yes", then <b>OP/BP 4.11 Physical Cultural Resources</b> is ap	oplicable a	nd
pos	siblechance finds must be handled in accordance with OP/BP and relevant pro-	cedures pr	ovided in
the	Environmental and Social Management Framework.		

## Environmental and Social Management Plan

## PART A: GENERAL PROJECT AND SITE INFORMATION

INSTITUTIONAL & ADMINIS	STRATIVE		
Country	Georgia		
Project title	INNOVATION, INCLUSION AND QUALITY PROJECT (GEORGIA I2Q PROJECT)		
Sub-Project title	Construction of the village Shua Partskhma Public School		
Scope of site-specific activity	Construction of the village Shua Partskhma Public School in Chokhatauri Municipality is one of the sub-projects (SP) to be implemented under the Innovation, Inclusion and Quality Project (Georgia I2Q Project).		
	The SP site is located in the village of Shua Partskhma, in the Chokhatauri Municipality (the land plot is state-owned with cadastral code 28.03.22.022) and occupies 4,982 m <sup>2</sup> . The distance from Tbilisi is approximately 280 km. The nearest residential house is about 20 meters away from the SP.		
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	The land allocated for the construction of the new school building is vacant, with no existing structures or buildings present on the site.		
	The SP envisages construction of a two-storied school building (total area: 2,647.60 m <sup>2</sup> ) and the landscaping and greening of the surrounding area. The building will feature a main entrance on the ground floor, with hallways connecting the various spaces and staircases leading to the second floor, which will include additional exit points.		
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			-	
	<ul> <li>Preparatory works: installation of temporary structures such as WCs, lockers for the workers, guard booth, storages for materials as well as household and hazardous waste disposal sites);</li> <li>Construction of the main building;</li> <li>construction of the boiler;</li> <li>Installation of a biological treatment unit for receiving sewage;</li> <li>Installation of internal networks water supply, electrical and gas supply, heating and ventilation networks for the building;</li> <li>Installation of external water supply, power supply, gas supply and internet networks and connecting of them to the existing municipal networks;</li> <li>Installation of fire alarm and firefighting systems;</li> <li>Arrangement of new stadium;</li> <li>Fencing of the territory;</li> <li>Arrangement of parking lots.</li> </ul> There are several trees and bushes in the school yard. According to the design of the planed works, there is no need to cut the existing plants as there are no trees in the area intended for the construction works, it is expected that 7300 m <sup>3</sup> of cut soil will be generated, of which 850 m <sup>3</sup> will be reused for backfilling and the rest will be removed to a sanitary landfill operated by Solid Waste Management Company of Georgia based on the agreement with this Company or disposed to a site to be allocated by the municipal authority. Also, for the SP implementation the removal of			
				ily stored on the school territory technical regulations approved
	-			, dated December 31, 2013, on
			•	l. After the construction, topsoil
	will be reused for the landsca	ping of the		
Institutional arrangements (WB)	Task Team Leader Anna Berdzenadze		Safeguards Specialists: Darejan Kapanadze – <i>Environment</i> Davit Jijelava – <i>Social</i>	
Implementation	Implementing entity:	Works	supervisor:	Works contractor:
arrangements	Municipal	Compa	any Eptisa	"MGD" LTD
(Borrower)	Development Fund of	Servicios	de Ingenieria	
	Georgia S.L. Spain			
SITE DESCRIPTION				
Name of institution whose premises are to be constricted	Village Shua Partskhma Public Sc	hool		
Address and site location of institution	Shua Partskhma, Chokhatauri M Phone: (577) 97 22 12	unicipality		

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whose premises are to	Email: partskhma@mes.gov.ge
be constricted	
Who owns the land?	The land plot is under the State ownership
Who uses the land (formal/informal)?	
Description of physical	Shua Fartskhma is a village in the Chokhatauri Municipality of the Guria region, part of the
and natural	Fartskhma community. The community also includes Zemo Fartskhma.
environment, and of the	
socio-economic context around the site	The village is located to the south of the Guria Ridge, in the valley of the Supsa River, at an altitude of 260 meters above sea level. It is 1 km away from the center of Chokhatauri, ensuring easy and quick access to the municipal administrative centers.
	According to the 2014 census, the population of Shua Fartskhma is 653 people.
	The village's geographical location and natural conditions support the development of traditional activities such as agriculture and small-scale tourism.
	The study area is situated on the Guria Plateau, within the Supsa River basin. It is located on the upper terrace of the Gubazula River marsh, characterized by a stable geomorphological structure. To the south, the area is bordered by the northern slopes of the Meskheti Ridge. The Guria Plateau is primarily represented by middle and upper Tertiary deposits, which have a significant impact on the region's topographical and ecological structure.
	According to the tectonic zoning of Georgia (E. Gamkrelidze, 2000), the study area is part of the Transcaucasian Mountain zone, in the western Molasuri thrust, within the Rioni Mountain thrust zone. The geological structure includes deluvial-proluvial deposits, primarily consisting of clay and clayey sediments.
	Climate Conditions are determined by the geographical location and morphological features of the area.
	Average annual air temperature: 13.8°C Absolute minimum temperature: -16.0°C Absolute maximum temperature: 39.0°C Average maximum temperature of the hottest month: 26.5°C Average five-day temperature of the coldest period: -3.0°C Average daily temperature of the coldest day: -6.0°C Average temperature of the coldest period: 4.7°C Average temperature at 13:00 during the coldest month: 6.3°C Average temperature at 13:00 during the hottest month: 24.8°C
Locations and distance for material sourcing, especially aggregates, water, stones?	The nearest official landfill for non-hazardous waste is located approximately 10 km from the SP area, in the village of Buknari, Chokhatauri Municipality. The distance from the SP to the nearest licensed quarry is approximately 13 kilometers, located on the Supsa River near the village of Zomleti in Chokhatauri Municipality.
LEGISLATION	
National & local legislation & permitsthat apply to project activity	I2Q Project implemented in accordance with the World Bank's safeguard policy OP/BP 4.01 - Environmental Assessment. Based on this policy, present subproject is classified as environmental category "B" and the present ESMP is developed for construction works. According to the principles of OP/BP 4.01 and Environmental and Social Management Framework (ESMF) of I2Q Project.
	Under the national legislation of Georgia, school construction does not require assessment of an environmental impact and issuance of an Environmental Decision. However, with the national regulation system:
	(i) Construction materials must be obtained from licensed providers.

(ii) If the Contractor wants to open a quarry, an appropriate license must be obtained from the National Agency of Minerals Resources under the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development.
(iii) Suppose over 200 tons of non-hazardous waste or over 1000 tons of inert materials or over 120 kg of hazardous waste is generated annually due to the contractor's activities. In that case, the contractor shall prepare and obtain approval of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (MEPA) on the Waste Management Plan, prepare the report on waste inventory, and appoint an environmental manager, whose identity information should be submitted to the MEPA following the requirements of the Waste Management Code.
(iv) Construction waste should be disposed at the official landfill based on the agreement with the Solid Waste Management Company or placed at the pre-selected site officially agreed with local self-government
(v) The topsoil shall be removed and stored in accordance with the requirements stipulated in the Resolution N424 of the Government of Georgia of December 31, 2013, on the Removal, Storage, Use, and Reclamation of Topsoil.

#### **GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM**

A grievance redress mechanism (GRM) will be available to allow project-affected people (PAP) appealing any action or decision on which they disagree.

PAPs will be informed about the available GRM during public consultations and through distributing of brochures prior to commencement of works. In addition, an announcement with relevant information will be displayed on the information boards in the lobbies of buildings of local municipality. APs will be fully informed of their rights and of the procedures for addressing complaints either verbally or in writing during pre-contraction, construction, and operation periods. Care will always be taken to prevent grievances rather than going through a redress process.

Received grievances will be lodged to the MESY and to the MDF. As for grievance monitoring MESY and MDF registers, all received compliances, comments, and how the compliance will be addressed. During public consultations, the local population will be informed about the grievance redress process and received information about contact persons.

The contact person from the MESY is Marine Zhvania (Tel: +995 577 27 88 41, <u>marina.zhvania@iiq.gov.ge</u>, 0102 Tbilisi, Dimitri Uznadze N 52);

The contact person from the MDF is David Arsenashvili (Tel: +995 599 019 183, <u>feedback@mdf.org.ge</u>) and Salome Meparishvili (+995 599 952 067); 150 Davit Aghmashenebeli ave., 4th floor, 0112 Tbilisi, Georgia)

PUBLIC CONSULTATION		
Identify when / where the public consultation process will take place	Information about the public consultation meeting will be announced both on the official websites of the MDF and MESY, as well as on the information boards of the school and local municipality building.	
	The public discussion will be organized by MDF and MESY. The public discussion will be attended by all interested parties, including parents of the school students. Information about the exact time and place of the public consultation meeting will be announced at least 10 days before. Records of the public consultation process will be attached to the present ESMP.	
ATTACHMENTS		
Attachment 1: Ortho Photo		
Attachment 2: General Plan		
Attachment 3: Topo Plan		
Attachment 4: Cadastral Information		

Attachment 5: Cadastral Plan

Attachment 6: Site photos

Attachment 7: Design drawings (3D visualization etc.)

Attachment 8: Minutes of public consultation

Attachment 9: Agreements/licenses (to be provided by contractor)

#### PART B: SAFEGUARDS INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL /SOCI	ENVIRONMENTAL /SOCIAL SCREENING			
Will the site activity	Activity/Issue	Status	Triggered Actions	
include/involve	1. Rehabilitation	[]Yes No	If yes, see Section <b>A</b> below	
any of the following?	2. New construction	Yes []No	If yes, see Section <b>A</b> below	
	3. Individual wastewater treatment system	Yes []No	If yes, see Section <b>B</b> below	
	4. Historic building(s) and districts	[]Yes No	If yes, see Section <b>C</b> below	
	5. Acquisition of land <sup>1</sup>	[]Yes No	If yes, see Section <b>D</b> below	
	6. Impacts on land and property use	[]Yes No	If yes, see Section <b>E</b> below	
	7. Hazardous or toxic materials <sup>2</sup>	[]Yes No	If yes, see Section <b>F</b> below	
	<ol> <li>Impacts on forests and/or protected areas</li> </ol>	[]Yes No	If yes, see Section <b>G</b> below	
	<ol> <li>Handling / management of medical waste</li> </ol>	[] Yes No	If yes, see Section <b>H</b> below	
	10. Traffic and pedestrian safety	Yes []No	If yes, see Section I below	
	11. Community and labor health and safety	Yes []No	If yes, see Section <b>J</b> below	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Land acquisitions includes displacement of people, change of livelihood encroachment on private property this is to land that is purchased/transferred and affects people who are living and/or squatters and/or operate a business (kiosks) on land that is being acquired.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Toxic / hazardous material includes but is not limited to asbestos, lead-containing and other toxic paints, noxious solvents, etc.

### PART C: MITIGATION MEASURES

ΑCTIVITY	PARAMETER	MITIGATION MEASURES CHECKLIST	
0. General Conditions	Notification and Worker Safety	<ul> <li>(a) Obtain all legally required permits for construction, extraction, natural construction materials, disposal of waste, and others as relevant.</li> <li>(b) Ensure the supply of personal protective equipment to stall and personnel following good international practice (always hardhats, as needed masks and safety glasses, harnesses, and safety boots), and control its use.</li> <li>(c) Signpost worksites to inform workers of key rules and regulations to follow.</li> <li>(d) Put up information on the company undertaking works at each worksite and provide contact information.</li> <li>(e) Workers' PPE will comply with international good practice (always hardhats, as needed masks and safety glasses, harnesses and safety boots).</li> </ul>	
	Air Quality	<ul> <li>(a) Keep demolition debris in a controlled area and spray with water to reduce debris dust.</li> <li>(b) Suppress during pneumatic drilling/wall destruction by ongoing water spraying and/or installing dust screen enclosures at the site.</li> <li>(c) Keep the surrounding environment (sidewalks, roads) free of debris to minimize dust.</li> <li>(d) There will be no open burning of construction / waste material at the site.</li> <li>(e) There will be no excessive idling of construction vehicles at sites.</li> <li>(f) Truck loads should be confinement and protected with lining.</li> </ul>	
A. General Rehabilitation and /or Construction	Noise	<ul> <li>(a) Limit construction noise to daytime working hours.</li> <li>(b) During operations, the engine covers of generators, close air compressors, and other powered mechanical equipment, and place equipment as far away from residential areas as possible.</li> <li>(c) The maximum allowed speed should be restricted.</li> </ul>	
Activities	Water Quality	<ul> <li>(a) Establish appropriate erosion and sediment control measures such as hay bales and/or silt fences to prevent sediment from moving off-site and causing excessive turbidity in nearby streams and rivers.</li> <li>(b) Wash construction vehicles and machinery only in designated areas where runoff will not pollute natural surface water bodies.</li> <li>(c) Lubricants, fuel and solvents should be stored and used for servicing machinery exclusively in the designated sites, with adequate lining of the ground and confinement of possible operation and emergency spills. Spill containment materials (sorbents, sand, sawing, chips etc.) should be available on construction site.</li> </ul>	

		(a) Minimize the amount of generated waste to the extent possible.
		(b) Separate various types of generated waste and re-use / recycle relevant types of waste to the
		possible extent.
		(c) Allocate sites for temporary on-site storage of various types of waste. Do not allow the
	Waste management	accumulation of excessive amounts of waste on-site.
		(d) Obtain formal arrangements with municipal authorities to dispose of household waste and final
		placement of excess material (inert construction waste).
		(e) Make timely arrangements for the disposal or hand-over of hazardous waste to licensed
		companies.
		a) Use existing plants, quarries, or borrow pits with appropriate official approval or valid operating
		license.
		b) Obtain licenses for any new quarries and/or borrowing areas if their operation is required;
	Material supply	c) Reinstate used sections of quarries and/or borrowing areas as extraction proceeds on or properly
		closed quarries if extraction completed and license expired.
		d) Haul materials in off-peak traffic hours.
		e) Place speed regulating, diverting, and warning signs for traffic as appropriate.
		a) Ensure that the approach of handling sanitary wastes and wastewater and the design of the
		treatment system is approved by relevant authorities.
		b) Ensure that before discharging into receiving waters, effluents from individual wastewater
B. Individual		c) systems are treated in order to meet the minimal quality criteria set out by national guidelines
wastewater	Mater Quality	d) on effluent quality and wastewater treatment
treatment	Water Quality	
system		e) Undertake monitoring of newly established wastewater treatment systems and report to
		f) Employer on the monitoring outcome
		g) Wash construction vehicles and machinery only in designated areas where runoff will not pollute
		natural surface water bodies.
		(a) Topsoil should be stripped before starting of earthworks.
		(b) Proper topsoil storage practice should be applied to ensure to maintain physical-chemical and
J. Community		biological activity of the soil; Temporary protective silt fencing should be erected to avoid erosion
and labor health	Earthworks	(wash down).
and safety		(c) Stored topsoil should be used for reinstatement and landscaping.
		(d) Topsoil from the sites, which will not be reinstated to the initial conditions will be distributed
		(c) report the step, which will not be remotated to the minder contribution will be distributed

	<ul> <li>carefully on the surrounding area.</li> <li>(e) Topsoil will be reinstated separately from subsoil, with care taken to avoid mixing of the materials. The topsoil reinstatement will be sufficient to restore the fertile depth to the initial conditions as judged by the topsoil strip during visual observation and comparison of the reinstated site and adjacent land. When replacing the topsoil Contractor will program the works such that the areas furthest away from the stockpiles are reinstated first with reinstatement getting progressively closer to the stockpiles, thus reducing the number of vehicle movements over the reinstated topsoil. The reinstated topsoil will then be harrowed, where practical, to protect the stability and promote vegetative growth.</li> <li>(f) In case chance find is encountered in the course of earth works, the contractor must immediately stop any physical activity on site and informs the MDF. The MDF promptly notifies the Ministry of Culture and Monument Protection, which takes over responsibility for the following course of action. Works may resume only upon receipt of written permission from the Ministry of Culture and Monument Protection.</li> </ul>
Public relationship management	<ul> <li>(a) Assign a local liaison person within the Contractor's team to communicate with and receive requests/ complaints from the local population.</li> <li>(b) Consult local communities to identify and proactively manage potential conflicts between an external workforce and local people.</li> <li>(c) Raise local community awareness about sexually transmitted disease risks associated with an external workforce and include local communities in awareness activities.</li> <li>(d) Inform the population about construction and work schedules, interruption of services, traffic detour routes and provisional bus routes, blasting, and demolition, as appropriate.</li> <li>(e) Limit construction activities at night. When necessary, ensure that night work is carefully scheduled, and the community is adequately informed about taking essential measures.</li> <li>(f) At least five days in advance of any service interruption (including water, electricity, telephone, bus routes), advise the community through postings at the worksite, at bus stops, and in affected homes/businesses.</li> <li>(g) Address concerns raised through Grievance Redress Mechanism established by the Employer within the designated timeline within the scope of Contractor's liability.</li> <li>(h) To the extent possible, do not locate work camps close to local communities.</li> <li>Undertake siting and operation of worker camps in consultation with neighboring communities.</li> </ul>

#### PART D: MONITORING PLAN

Activity	What (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	Where (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	How (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	When (Define the frequency / or continuous?)	Why (Is the parameter being monitored?)	Who (Is responsible for monitoring?)
		CON	ISTRUCTION PHASE			
Supply with construction materials	Purchase of construction materials from the officially registered suppliers	In the supplier's office or warehouse	Verification of documents	During the conclusion of the supply contracts	To ensure technical reliability and safety of infrastructure	MDF, Construction supervisor
Transportation of construction materials and waste Movement of construction machinery	Vehicles and machinery are kept in standard technical condition; Truck loads are confined and protected with lining; Established hours and routes of transportation are respected	Construction site	Inspection	Unannounced inspections during work hours and beyond	Limit pollution of soil and air from emissions; Limit nuisance to local communities from noise and vibration; Minimize traffic disruption.	MDF, Construction supervisor, Traffic Police
Earthworks	Temporary storage of excavated material in the pre-defined and agreed upon locations; Backfilling of the excavated material and/or its disposal to the formally designated locations; In case of chance finds immediate suspension of works, notification of the Ministry of Culture and Monument Protection, and resumption of works exclusively upon formal consent of the Ministry. Topsoil is striped before starting of the earthworks; Proper topsoil storage practice is applied; Temporary protective silt fencing is erected;	Construction site	Inspection	In the course of earth works;	Prevent pollution of the construction site and its surroundings with construction waste; Prevent damage and loss of physical cultural resources; Prevent topsoil losses.	MDF, Construction supervisor

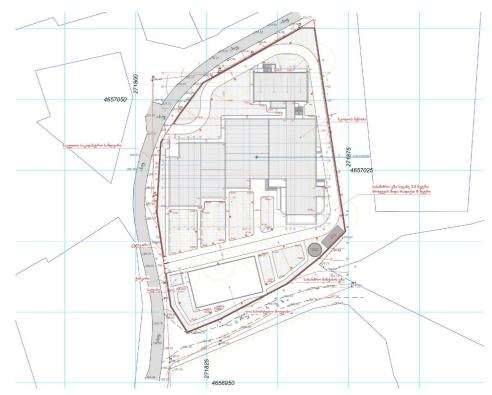
	Striped topsoil is used for reinstatement and landscaping.					
Sourcing of the natural construction material	Purchase of material from the existing suppliers if feasible; Obtaining of extraction license by the works contract and strict compliance with the license conditions; Terracing of the borrow area, backfilling to the exploited areas of the borrow site, and landscape harmonization; Excavation of river gravel and sand from outside of the water stream, arrangement of protective barriers of gravel between excavation area and the water stream, and no entry of machinery into the water stream.	Borrowing areas	Inspection of documents Inspection of works	In the course of material extraction	Limiting erosion of slopes and degradation of ecosystems and landscapes; Limiting erosion of riverbanks, water pollution with suspended particles, and disruption of aquatic life.	MDF, Construction supervisor
Generation of construction waste	The temporary storage of construction waste in specially allocated areas; Timely disposal of waste to the formally designated locations	Construction site; Waste disposal site	Inspection	Periodically during construction and upon complaints	Prevent pollution of the construction site and nearby area with solid waste	MDF, Construction supervisor
Traffic disruption and limitation of pedestrian access	Installation of traffic limitation/diversion signage; Storage of construction materials and temporary placement of construction waste in a way preventing congestion of access roads	At and around the construction site	Inspection	In the course of construction works	Prevent traffic accidents; Limit nuisance to residents	MDF, Construction supervisor
Workers' health and safety	Provision of uniforms and safety gear to workers; Provision of potable water and lavatories for men and women at worksite;	Construction site	Inspection	Unannounced inspections in the course of work	The limited occurrence of on-the-job accidents and emergencies	MDF, Construction supervisor

	Informing of workers and personnel on the personal safety rules and instructions for operating machinery/equipment, and					
	strict compliance with these rules/instructions; Adoption and adherence to plan for preventing spread of COVID-19 infection and action in response to the					
	possible outbreak.					
Works within settlement	Informing affecting population on the upcoming works and any temporary disruptions of municipal service provision that may occur during works; Observance of the established working hours during daytime, minimizing noise and dust emissions, limiting speed of moving construction vehicles and machinery.	Construction site	Inspection	Recurrent	Ensure the safety of residents and minimize nuisance	MDF, Construction supervisor
		OI	PERATION PHASE			
Generation of waste from maintenance of school	Proper management of solid waste	Municipal area	Inspection	Throughout operation of the school	Prevent pollution with solid waste	MESY
Operation of sewage biological treatment unit	Providing regular maintenance and timely repair, once required, to the biological treatment unit provided for the school building	School territory	Inspection	During operation of facility	Prevent pollution of surface and ground water with untreated sewage	MESY

**Attachment 1: Ortho Photo** 

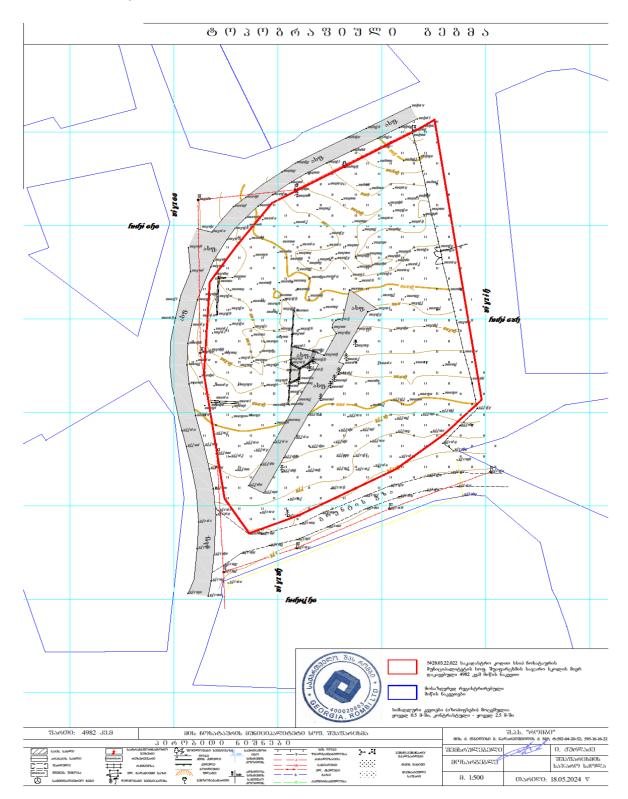


### Attachment 2: General Plan



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#### **Attachment 3: Topo Plan**



#### **Attachment 4: Cadastral Information**

		მინის (უძრავი ქონების) საკადასტრო კოდი N 28.03.22.022			
	ამონაწერი საჯა	რო რეესტრ	იიდან		
N 89202	განცხადების რეგისტრაცია 4933602 - 18/12/2024 13	8:02:38	მომზადების თარიღი 13/01/2025 13:00:13		
	საკუთრების გ	კანყოფილ	იება		
	<b>ეორი კვარტალი ნაკვეთი ნაკვეთის საკუთრების ტიპი:</b> საკუთრება იცხმა <b>ნაკვეთის დანიშნულება:</b> არასასოფლო სამეურნეო				
28 0 მისამართი: მუნიციპა შუაფარცხმა	3 22 022 ლიტეტი ჩოხატაური , სოფელი		<b>ფართობი:</b> 4982.00 კვ.მ. ნომერი: <b>28.03.02.229;</b>		
	მესაკუთრის გ	კანყოფილ	აება		
განცხადების რეგისტრაცია : I უფლების რეგისტრაცია: თარ	ნომერი 892024933602 , თარიღი 18/12/20		•		
რეესტრის ეროვნული ს • მომართვა N2-16/12	ააგენტო	8 , ეკონომიკურ	აველოს იუსტიციის სამინისტროს საჭარო ი განვითარების სამინისტროს სახელმწიფო რეო სამმართველო		
<b>იესაკუთოეები:</b> სახელმწიფო , ID ნომე	რი:203840433				
მესაკუთრე: სახელმწიფო	აღწერა:				
	იპო	თეკა			
საგადასახადო გირავნობა: რეგისტრირებული არ ა	რის				
	სარგე	ბლობა			
განცხადების რეგისტრაცია ნომერი 892023097543 თარიღი 10/10/2023	მოსარგებლე: სსიპ ''ჩოხატაურის მუნიციპალიტეტის სოფელ შუაფარცხმის საჭარო სკოლა'' 242007476; მესაკუთრე: სახელმწიფო 203840433; საგანი:მიწის ნაკვეთი 4982 კვ.მ.; ქონება გადაცემულია უვადო სარგებლობის უფლებით;				
	წერილი, რეესტრის ნომერი N12/15114, დამოწმების თარიღი29/04/2014, სახელმწიფო ქონების ეროვნული სააგენტოს სამეგრელო-გურია-ზემო სვანეთის მომსახურების ცენტრი				
14:43:57 უფლების რეგისტრაცია: თარიღი 13/10/2023	მომსახურების ცენტრი	ი სააგენტოს სა			
14:43:57 უფლების რეგისტრაცია: თარიღი 13/10/2023	მომსახურების ცენტრი	ი სააგეიტოს სა ბულება			
14:43:57 უფლების რეგისტრაცია: თარიღი 13/10/2023 ყადაღა/აკრძალვა:	მომსახურების ცენტრი 300 ვალდე				
14:43:57 უფლების რეგისტრაცია:	მომსახურების ცენტრი 300 ვალდე				

ფიზიკური პირის მიერ არასამეწარმეო საქმიანობის ფარგლებში 2 წლამდე ვადით საკუთრებაში არსებული ქონების/აქტივის მიწოდებით ნამეტი შემოსავლის მიღების შემთხვევაში ფიზიკური პირი ვალდებულია არაუგვიანეს საანგარიშო თვის მომდევნო თვის 15 რიცხვისა საგადასახადო ორგანოს წარუდგინოს დეკლარაცია საშემოსავლო გადასახადის შესახებ და ამავე ვადაში გადაიხადოს კუთვნილი საშემოსავლო გადასახდი.
 საგადასახადო წლის განმავლობაში გადახდის წყაროსთან დაუკავებლად 1000 ლარის ან მეტი ღირებულების ქონების საჩუქრად მიღებისას საშემოსავლო გადასახადი გადახდას ექვემდებარება საანგარიშო წლის მომდევნო წლის 1 აპრილამდე, რის შესახებაც

აღნიშნული ფიზიკური პირი იმავე ვადაში წარუდგენს დეკლარაციას საგადასახადო ორგანოს. • აღნიშნული ვალდებულების შეუსრულებლობა ნარმოადგენს საგადასახადო სამართალდარღვევას, რაც იწვევს პასუხისმგებლობას საგადასახადო კოდექსის XL თავის მიხედვით. • დოკვენტის ნამდვილობის გადამოწმება შესაძლებელია საჯარო რეესტრის ეროვნული სააგენტოს ოფიციალურ ვებ–გვერდზე • ამონაწერის მიღება შესაძლებელია ვებ–გვერდზე www.napr.gov.ge, ნებისმიერ ტერიტორიულ სარეგისტრაციო სამსახურში, იუსტიციის სახლებსა და სააგენტოს ავტორიზებულ პირებთან; • ამონაწერში ტექნიკური ხარვეზის აღმონენის შემთხვევაში დაგვიკავშირდით: 2 405405 ან პირადად შეავსეთ განაცხადი ვებ–გვერდზე; • კონსელტაციის მიღუბა შესაძლებელია იუსტიციის სახლის ცხილ საზე 2 405405; • საჯარო რეესტრის თანამშრომელთა მხრიდან უკანონო ქმედების შემთხვევაში დაგვიკავშირდით ცხელ ხაზზე 2 405405 • თქვენთვის საინტერუსო ნებისმატი საკითხთან დაკავშირებით მოგვნერეთ ელ-ფოსტით: info@napr.gov.ge

### **Attachment 5: Cadastral Plan**



საჯარო რეესტრის ეროვნული სააგენტო:ქ. თბილისი, ვახტანგ გორგასლის ქუჩა, 22; ტელ: (995 32) 2 25 15 28; <u>http://napr.gov.ge</u>

## Attachment 6: Site photos



# Attachment 7: Design drawings (3D visualization etc.)





Attachment 7: Minutes of public consultation meeting