

Reconstruction/Rehabilitation Agara borough of Public School

(Kareli Municipality)

Environmental and Social Screening Report and

Environmental and Social Management Plan

WORLD BANK FINANCED INCLUSION, INNOVATION AND QUALITY PROJECT (GEORGIA 12Q PROJECT)

Tbilisi, Georgia

October 2023

Sub-project Description

The Rehabilitation of Agara borough Public School in Kareli Municipality is one of the sub-projects (SP) to be implemented under the Innovation, Inclusion and Quality Project (Georgia I2Q Project).

SP envisages rehabilitation of the building of Agara borough Public School located in Agara Borough, Kareli Municipality. Access to the SP site is possible through Tbilisi-Senaki-Leselidze Highway and the distance from Tbilisi is 87 km. The area of the territory is 10 901 m² (Cadastral Code 68.06.48.283). The nearest residential building to the school is approximately 27 m away.

In accordance with the revised latest scheme of seismic zoning of the territory of Georgia, the SP site falls in the 8-point seismic activity zone according to the MSK64 scale (Order of the Minister of Economic Development of Georgia No. 1-1/2284, October 7, 2009). A study of the structural integrity of the school building was carried out in October 2021. In August 2023, the design passed the expert examination by the accredited company *Expertiza* LLC.

At present, 720 students are attending the school in two shifts. Among them, 11 pupils are with special education needs. The school serves about 350-400 local households, whose children study there. All students will have proper access to the teaching process during construction works. In case renovation activities have to be undertaken in parallel with the teaching process, the staff of the school and the children will be temporarily moved to alternative buildings in the Sagolasheni and Dirbi villages, which are about 7-8 km away from the SP area. These buildings are selected according to the pre-estimated facility condition index. During relocation, Kareli municipality will provide the transportation of students in coordination with the Ministry of Education and Science (MES). Some 30-35 minibuses will be allocated for this purpose. Minibuses will be subject to a technical inspection and be maintained in standard operational conditions as per the national regulations of Georgia.

Electricity is supplied to the site without interruption, the internal network is outdated and faulty. The building is heated with boiler-based autonomous system. The school is connected to the public potable water network. The sewage system is arranged and connected municipal sewage collection system.

The SP foresees the implementation of the following works:

- Preparatory works (fencing of the construction site, installation of temporary structures such as WCs, changing rooms for the workers, guard booth, storages for materials, and household and hazardous waste storage sites).
- Dismantling of all existing doors and windows from both existing buildings. Removal of small internal partitions (not load bearing) and plastering layers down to brick and concrete block surfaces, etc.
- Installation of metal framing of openings for doors and windows, to ensure the strengthening of existing
 conditions. Also, installation of rebar meshing on load-bearing external walls, to ensure the strength of
 the existing building.
- Demolishing existing boiler building and constructing new one.
- Construction of a new stadium.
- Replacement of the external engineering networks.
- Installation of fire alarm and firefighting systems and video monitoring networks.
- Adaptation of the building for persons with disabilities.
- Replacement of the building's water supply, sanitary, heating and electrical networks.
- Upgrade of the territory around the school building.

There are trees and bushes in the schoolyard. According to the design of rehabilitation works, there is no need to cut trees. In the course of construction work, 1640 m³ of soil will be excavated, 240 m³ of which is topsoil. It will be temporarily stored on the construction site in accordance with the requirements stipulated by the technical regulations approved by Resolution N424 of the Government of Georgia on December 31, 2013, on the Removal, Storage, Use, and Reclamation of Topsoil, after construction works, topsoil will be fully used for

SP purposes, for school territory reclamation.

Environmental Screening and Classification of Subprojects

(A) IMPACT IDENTIFICATION

| Does the sub-project have tangible impact on the environment? | The SP will have a modest negative environmental impact. The main impact will be related to the construction phase, which includes works for the rehabilitation of the school building, demolition of the existing boiler building and construction of the new one, construction of a new stadium, rehabilitation of the external engineering networks and installation of the new ones, landscaping of the school territory, rehabilitation of the entryway and construction of the pathways. |
|---|---|
| What are the significant beneficial and adverse environmental effects of sub-project? | The expected negative environmental impact will have short-term character and will be typical for small-scale construction works in modified landscapes: noise, dust, vibration, and emissions from the operation of construction machinery; and generation of construction waste. The later impacts are related to the generation of waste from maintenance of the school which will be managed by the local municipality. The SP site is located in the area with a modified environment. Therefore, the impact will be transitory and insignificant (noise, emissions, construction waste, temporary disturbance of traffic and access, etc.). In the operation phase, proper management of generated solid waste should be ensured to reduce impact on the environment. |
| May the sub-project have any significant impact on the local communities and other affected people? | The SP is expected to have a long-term positive social impact, as the local residents will be able to have access to the modern school, which will be also adapted to people with disabilities. |
| | The ultimate goal of the SP is to improve the quality and conditions of education for children in Agara borough itself, as well as in general, in the Municipality of Kareli. Reconstruction of the school will bring immediate benefits to its users through improved learning spaces, indoor and outdoor playgrounds, everyday learning activities, general infrastructure, and living conditions. Also, the new sports outdoor pitch can be used for the better teaching of sports subjects, as well as to host various sports events. The long-term social impact will be beneficial, as local children and teachers in school will be provided with improved educational and working conditions, and increased income of the population during the implementation (employment of workers), and after the construction. |
| | The SP will create temporary and some permanent job opportunities for the local population (both men and women), as they could be employed during rehabilitation and maintenance. The availability of modern schools in the community will allow more people (especially those having school-age children) to stay in town. |
| | The negative impact is short-term and limited to the construction site. It is related to the possible disturbance described above. |
| | In case renovation activities have to be undertaken in parallel with the teaching process, an option of temporarily moving the teaching process to Kareli municipality, village Sagholasheni and village Dirbi public schools. |
| | The SP envisages the adaption of the school building to make available servicing of |

| people with disabilities. |
|--|
| The SP doesn't envisage land take or resettlement, as well as economic displacement (for example, for formal or informal vendors). |

(B) MITIGATION MEASURES

| Were there any |
|---------------------|
| alternatives to the |
| sub-project design |
| considered? |

As the SP envisages rehabilitation of the existing school building, alternatives regarding the SP design were not considered.

What types of mitigation measures are proposed?

The expected negative impacts of the construction phase can be easily mitigated through proper management of construction activities. The contractor will be responsible for the waste disposal at the permitted location, use the quarry materials from the licensed quarries only or obtain materials only from licensed providers, and prevent water and soil from pollution (fuel spills due to equipment failure, concrete spills etc.), avoid disturbance of population (noise, dust, emissions) through proper work/supplies scheduling, traffic management, and good maintenance of the construction machinery.

Revision of vehicles will be required to ensure that there is no leakage of fuel and lubricating materials, all machinery will be maintained and operated such that all leaks and spills of materials will be minimized, and the contractor will be required to organize and cover material storage areas. The material storage sites will be protected from washing out during heavy rainfalls and flooding through covering by impermeable materials; car maintenance points will not be located within 50 m of any watercourse.

During SP implementation, warning signs will be used, and traffic will be managed around the work sites.

Community health and safety will be an issue during the construction phase as residential buildings are located near the project site. The contractor will be responsible for taking specific measures to mitigate the impact on locals, including informing the affected population on the upcoming works and any temporary disruptions of municipal services, limiting working hours to daytime, limiting the speed of moving construction vehicles & machinery, minimizing noise & dust emissions, etc.

In case renovation activities have to be undertaken in parallel with the teaching process, the staff of the school and the children will be temporarily moved to Kareli municipality, public schools in villages Sagholasheni and Dirbi. The Ministry of Education and Science (MES) and local municipality will ensure all temporary arrangements for teaching and transportation of students to the selected locations.

No major hazards are expected during the renovation works, as long as proper construction practices and safety procedures are applied. School rehabilitation activities will be undertaken preferably during summer months (non-operation period for school) to minimize hindering the teaching process and to eliminate the risk of accidents involving children.

There are grass covers and topsoil layers on the designing territory. Due to works, 240 m³ of topsoil will be appeared. The revealed topsoil will be fully re-used for the landscaping. Before commencing the soil works, cleaning of designing territory from grass-type plants, topsoil will be removed and temporarily stored.

What lessons from the previous similar projects have been incorporated into the sub-project design?

MDF has broad experience in the implementation of reconstruction/rehabilitation for medium and large-scale buildings (including public schools and kindergartens) roads and streets financed by various donor organizations. Based on lessons learned from previous similar projects, the design envisages not only the rehabilitation of the school but also the improvement of heating, ventilation and fire control system, hot water supply, lighting systems and reference energy saving potential, implementation of energy efficiency improvement measures.

The infrastructure of the school will be adapted for the receiving and servicing of people with disabilities.

Have concerned communities been involved and have their interests and knowledge been adequately taken into consideration in subproject preparation? The SP has been developed by the MES, together with the local resource center, as a response to the current situation.

On October 13, 2023, the Municipal Development Fund of Georgia (MDF) organized public consultation to discuss the Project and Environmental and Social Screening Report, Environmental, and Social Management Plan prepared for the sub-project "Reconstruction/Rehabilitation of Agara borough Public School". The meeting was carried out in the Agara borough public school building, Kareli Municipality. Consultation meeting details (date, time and contact information) were included in the announcement, which were posted on the streets near the SP territory, on the school information board, and on the MDF and MES websites.

(C) CATEGORIZATION AND CONCLUSION

| ۱. | Subproject is declined | |
|----|------------------------|--|
| 2. | Subproject is accepted | |

Subproject preparation requires:

- 1. Completion of the Environmental and Social Management Checklist for Small Construction and Rehabilitation Activities
- 2. Environmental and Social Review, including development of Environmental and Social Management Plan

Social and Cultural Resource Screening of SP

| | Social safeguards screening information | Yes | No | | |
|------|--|-----|----|--|--|
| 1 | Is the information related to the affiliation, ownership and land use status of the sub-project site available and verifiable? (The screening cannot be completed until this is available) | х | | | |
| 2 | Will the sub-project reduce people's access to their economic resources, such as land, pasture, water, public services, sites of common public use or other resources that they depend on? | | Х | | |
| 3 | Will the sub-project result in resettlement of individuals or families or require the acquisition of land (public or private, temporarily or permanently) for its development? | | х | | |
| 4 | Will the project result in the temporary or permanent loss of crops, fruit trees and household infra-structure (such as ancillary facilities, fence, canal, granaries, outside toilets and kitchens, etc.)? | | Х | | |
| is a | nswer to any above question (except question 1) is "Yes", then OP/BP 4.12 Inv olution of the reset of the control of the control of the reset of the control of t | | | | |
| | Cultural resources safeguard screening information | Yes | No | | |
| 5 | Will the project require excavation near any historical, archaeological or cultural heritage site? | | Х | | |
| cha | If answer to question 5 is "Yes", then OP/BP 4.11 Physical Cultural Resources is applicable and possible chance finds must be handled in accordance with OP/BP and relevant procedures provided in the Environmental and Social Management Framework. | | | | |

Environmental and Social Management Plan

PART A: GENERAL PROJECT AND SITE INFORMATION

| INSTITUTIONAL & ADMI | NISTRATIVE |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Country | Georgia |
| Project title | INNOVATION, INCLUSION AND QUALITY PROJECT (GEORGIA I2Q PROJECT) |
| Sub-Project title | Reconstruction/Rehabilitation of town brought Public School |
| Scope of site-specific activity | The Rehabilitation of Agara borough Public School in Kareli Municipality is one of the sub-projects (SP) to be implemented under the Innovation, Inclusion and Quality Project (Georgia I2Q Project). |
| | SP envisages rehabilitation of the building of Agara borough Public School, located in brought Kareli, Kareli Municipality. Access to the SP site is possible through Tbilisi-Senaki-Leselidze Highway and the distance from Tbilisi is 87 km. The area of the territory is 10901 m ² (Cadastral Code 68.06.48.283). The nearest residential building to the school is approximately 27 m away. |
| | In accordance with the revised latest scheme of seismic zoning of the territory of Georgia, the SP site falls in the 8-point seismic activity zone according to the MSK64 scale (Order of the Minister of Economic Development of Georgia No. 1-1/2284, October 7, 2009). A study of the structural integrity of the school building was carried out in October 2021. In August 2023, the design passed the expert examination by the accredited company <i>Expertiza</i> LLC. |
| | At present, 720 students are attending the school in two shifts. Among them, 11 pupils are with special education needs. The school serves about 350-400 local households, whose children study there. All students will have proper access to the teaching process during construction works. In case renovation activities have to be undertaken in parallel with the teaching process, the staff of the school and the children will be temporarily moved to alternative buildings in the Sagolasheni and Dirbi villages, which are about 7-8 km away from the SP area. These buildings are selected according to the pre-estimated facility condition index. During relocation, Kareli municipality will provide the transportation of students in coordination with the Ministry of Education and Science (MES). Some 30-35 minibuses will be allocated for this purpose. Minibuses will be subject to a technical inspection and be maintained in standard operational conditions as per the national regulations of Georgia. |
| | Electricity is supplied to the site without interruption, the internal network is outdated and faulty. Also, old and damaged is the central distribution shield and submachine guns. The building is heated by a gas boiler. The school is connected to the public potable water network. The sewage system is arranged and connected municipal sewage collection system. |
| | The SP foresees the implementation of the following works: Preparatory works (fencing of the construction site, installation of temporary structures such as WCs, changing rooms for the workers, guard booth, storages for materials, and household and hazardous waste disposal sites). |

Dismantling of all existing doors and windows from both existing buildings. Removal of small internal partitions (not load bearing) and plastering layers down to brick and concrete block surfaces, etc. Installation of metal framing of openings for doors and windows, to ensure the strengthening of existing conditions. Also, installation of rebar meshing on load-bearing external walls, to ensure the strength of the existing building. Demolishing existing boiler building and constructing new one. • Construction of new stadium. • Replacement of the external engineering networks. Installation of fire alarm and firefighting systems and video monitoring networks. Adaptation of the building for persons with disabilities. Replacement of the building's water supply, sanitary, heating and electrical networks. Upgrade of the territory around the school building. There are trees and bushes in the schoolyard. According to the design of rehabilitation works, there is no need to cut trees. In the course of construction work, 1640 m³ of soil will be excavated, 240 m³ of which is topsoil. It will be temporarily stored on the construction site in accordance with the requirements stipulated by the technical regulations approved by Resolution N424 of the Government of Georgia on December 31, 2013, on the Removal, Storage, Use, and Reclamation of Topsoil, after construction works, topsoil will be fully used for SP purposes, for school territory reclamation. Safeguards Specialists: Institutional Task Team Leader Darejan Kapanadze - Environment arrangements Shiro Nakata Davit Jijelava - Social (WB) Works supervisor: Implementing entity: Implementation Company Eptisa Works contractor: Municipal Development Fund Servicios de Ingenieria arrangements (Borrower) **TBD** of Georgia S.L. Spain SITE DESCRIPTION Name of institution Agara borough Public School whose premises are to be rehabilitated Address and site Kareli district, Agara borough location of institution Tel: 577318314 whose premises are to Email: qarAgara@mes.gov.ge be rehabilitated Who owns the land? The land plot is under the State ownership Who uses the land (formal/informal)? Description of physical The SP site is located in Kareli municipality in Georgia, in Shida Kartli Region. The and natural municipality borders Gori municipality from the East, Khashuri municipality from environment, and of the West, Borjomi Municipality from the North-West and Javi municipality from the socio-economic the North. Total area of the municipality - 687.9 km². context around the The municipality is predominantly populated by Georgians. The municipality site

includes 1 town, 1 townlet and 73 villages. Access to the municipality is possible through Tbilisi-Senaki-Leselidze Highway.

Geomorphologically, the study area is part of the left terrace of the Mtkvari River, the terrain of which is almost horizontal, slightly sloping towards the riverbed.

No adverse physical geological processes (landslides, karst, collapses, etc.) are observed at and around the study site.

Hydrogeological network of the municipality is represented with the following rivers: Mtkvari, Dzama, Suramula and Prone. The nearest river from the SP site is Suramula in about 500 m distance.

According to PN 01.05-08 ("Construction Climatology"), the main climatic characteristics of the study area are as follows:

- Average temperature of the year- +10.7° C;
- Absolute minimum temperature- -26.0 °C;
- Absolute maximum temperature +39.0° C;
- Precipitation per year 630 mm;
- Maximum wind speed once in 20 years 26.0 m/s;
- Normative value of wind pressure is 0.30 kPa once in 5 years; Once in 30 years 0.38 kPa;
- Wind prevailing direction North;
- Snow cover pressure 0.50 kPa;
- Number of days of snow cover 41;
- Normal depth of seasonal freezing of soils for gravelly soils 0.31 meters.

Existence of Archeological heritage near the designing territory is not revealed. According to the data of 2014 census the population of the municipality is 41 316 people. There are 35 state public schools and 1 private school-gymnasium, a secondary vocational school in Kareli. Private houses and multistory buildings surround the school.

The SP doesn't involve land acquisition or physical relocation, nor does it result in economic displacement (e.g., for formal or informal vendors). In case renovation activities have to be undertaken in parallel with the teaching process, the staff of the school and the children will be temporarily moved to Kareli Municipality, public schools in villages Sagholasheni and Dirbi. The Ministry of Education and Science (MES) will ensure all temporary arrangements for teaching and transportation of students to alternative locations.

Locations and distance for material sourcing, especially aggregates, water, stones?

Water will be available at the construction site from the municipal water supply system.

Distance to the nearest licensed borrow pit is approximately in 2-3 km radius near Bebnisi village, on the river Mtkvari.

The nearest legal landfill for non-hazardous waste is approximately 33 km away located in village Tagveti, in Khashuri Municipality. The landfill also receives construction waste.

LEGISLATION

National & local

12Q Project is implemented in accordance with the World Bank's safeguard policy

legislation & permits that apply to project activity

OP/BP 4.01 - Environmental Assessment. Based on this Policy, present SP is classified as environmental category "B" and the present ESMP is developed for rehabilitation works according to the principles of OP/BP 4.01 and Environmental and Social Management Framework (ESMF) of I2Q Project.

Under the Georgian legislation, school rehabilitation does not require assessment of an environmental impact and issuance of an Environmental Decision. However, with the national regulation system:

- (i) Construction materials must be obtained from licensed providers.
- (ii) If the Contractor wants to open a quarry, an appropriate license must be obtained from the National Agency of Minerals Resources under the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development.
- (iii) If over 200 tons of non-hazardous waste or over 1000 tons of inert materials or over 120 kg of hazardous waste is generated annually due to the contractor's activities. The contractor shall prepare and obtain approval of the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (MoEPA) on the Waste Management Plan, prepare the report on waste inventory, and appoint an environmental manager, whose identity information should be submitted to the MoEPA following the requirements of the Waste Management Code.
- (iv) Construction waste should be disposed at the official landfill based on the agreement with the Solid Waste Management Company or placed at the preselected site officially agreed with local self-government.
- (v) The topsoil shall be removed and stored in accordance with the requirements stipulated in the Resolution N424 of the Government of Georgia of December 31, 2013, on the Removal, Storage, Use, and Reclamation of Topsoil.

GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM

A grievance redress mechanism (GRM) will be available to allow project-affected people (PAP) appealing any action or decision on which they disagree.

PAP will be informed about the available GRM during public consultations and through distributing of brochures prior to commencement of works. In addition, an announcement with relevant information will be displayed on the information boards in the lobbies of buildings of local municipality. APs will be fully informed of their rights and of the procedures for addressing complaints either verbally or in writing during precontraction, construction and operation periods. Care will always be taken to prevent grievances rather than going through a redress process.

Received grievances will be lodged to the Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia (MES) and to the MDF. As for grievance monitoring MES and MDF registers, all received compliances, comments, and how the compliance will be addressed. During public consultations, the local population will be informed about the grievance redress process and received information about contact persons.

The contact person from the MES is Marine Zhvania (Tel: +995 577 27 88 41, marina.zhvania@iiq.gov.ge, 0102 Tbilisi, Dimitri Uznadze N 52);

The contact person from the MDF is David Arsenashvili (Tel: +995 599 019 183), feedback@mdf.org.ge, 150 Davit Aghmashenebeli ave., 4th floor, 0112 Tbilisi, Georgia

PUBLIC CONSULTATION

Identify when / where the public consultation process will take place

On October 13, 2023, the Municipal Development Fund of Georgia (MDF) organized public consultation to discuss the Project and Environmental and Social Screening Report, Environmental, and Social Management Plan prepared for the sub-project "Reconstruction/Rehabilitation of Agara borough Public School". The meeting was carried out in the Agara borough public school building, Kareli Municipality. Consultation meeting details (date, time and contact information) were included in the announcement, which were posted on the streets near the SP territory, on the school information board, and on the MDF and MES websites.

ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1: Ortho Photo Attachment 2: General Plan

Attachment 3: Topo Plan

Attachment 4: Cadastral Information

Attachment 5: Cadastral Plan Attachment 6: Site photos

Attachment 7: Design drawings (3D visualization etc.)

Attachment 8: Minutes of public consultation

Attachment 9: Agreements/licenses (to be provided)

PART B: SAFEGUARDS INFORMATION

| ENVIRONMENTAL /SOCIA | ENVIRONMENTAL /SOCIAL SCREENING | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|-----------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Will the site activity | Activity/Issue | Status | Triggered Actions | | | | | |
| include/involve | 1. Rehabilitation | Yes [] No | If yes, see Section A below | | | | | |
| any of the following? | 2. New construction | [] Yes No | If yes, see Section A below | | | | | |
| | Individual wastewater treatment system | [] Yes No | If yes, see Section B below | | | | | |
| | 4. Historic building(s) and districts | [] Yes No | If yes, see Section C below | | | | | |
| | 5. Acquisition of land ¹ | [] Yes No | If yes, see Section D below | | | | | |
| | 6. Impacts on land and property use | [] Yes No | If yes, see Section E below | | | | | |
| | 7. Hazardous or toxic materials ² | [] Yes No | If yes, see Section F below | | | | | |
| | 8. Impacts on forests and/or protected areas | [] Yes No | If yes, see Section G below | | | | | |
| | Handling / management of medical waste | [] Yes No | If yes, see Section H below | | | | | |
| | 10. Traffic and pedestrian safety | Yes [] No | If yes, see Section I below | | | | | |
| | 11. Community and labor health and safety | Yes [] No | If yes, see Section J below | | | | | |

¹ Land acquisitions includes displacement of people, change of livelihood encroachment on private property this is to land that is purchased/transferred and affects people who are living and/or squatters and/or operate a business (kiosks) on land that is being acquired.

² Toxic / hazardous material includes but is not limited to asbestos, lead-containing and other toxic paints, noxious solvents, etc.

PART C: MITIGATION MEASURES

| ACTIVITY | PARAMETER | MITIGATION MEASURES CHECKLIST |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|
| 0. General Conditions | Notification and Worker Safety | (a) Obtain all legally required permits for construction, extraction, natural construction materials, disposal of waste, and others as relevant. (b) Ensure the supply of personal protective equipment to stall and personnel following good international practice (always hardhats, as needed masks and safety glasses, harnesses, and safety boots), and control its use. (c) Signpost worksites to inform workers of key rules and regulations to follow. (d) Put up information on the company undertaking works at each worksite and provide contact information. (e) Workers' PPE will comply with international good practice (always hardhats, as needed masks and |
| A. General Rehabilitation and /or Construction Activities | Air Quality | safety glasses, harnesses and safety boots) (a) Keep demolition debris in a controlled area and spray with water to reduce debris dust. (b) Suppress during pneumatic drilling/wall destruction by ongoing water spraying and/or installing dust screen enclosures at the site. (c) Keep the surrounding environment (sidewalks, roads) free of debris to minimize dust. (d) There will be no open burning of construction / waste material at the site. (e) There will be no excessive idling of construction vehicles at sites. (f) Truck loads should be confinement and protected with lining. |
| | Noise | (a) Limit construction noise to daytime working hours. (b) During operations, the engine covers of generators, close air compressors, and other powered mechanical equipment, and place equipment as far away from residential areas as possible. (c) The maximum allowed speed should be restricted. |
| | Water Quality | (a) Establish appropriate erosion and sediment control measures such as hay bales and/or silt fences to prevent sediment from moving off-site and causing excessive turbidity in nearby streams and rivers. (b) Wash construction vehicles and machinery only in designated areas where runoff will not pollute natural surface water bodies. (c) Lubricants, fuel, and solvents should be stored and used for servicing machinery exclusively in the designated sites, with adequate lining of the ground and confinement of possible operation and emergency spills. Spill containment materials (sorbents, sand, sawing, chips etc.) should be available on construction site. |

| | Waste management | (a) Minimize the amount of generated waste to the extent possible. |
|-----------------------|-------------------|---|
| | | (b) Separate various types of generated waste and re-use / recycle relevant types of waste to the possible extent. |
| | | (c) Allocate sites for temporary on-site storage of various types of waste. Do not allow the accumulation of excessive amounts of waste on-site. |
| | | (d) Obtain formal arrangements with municipal authorities to dispose of household waste and final placement of excess material (inert construction waste). |
| | | (e) Make timely arrangements for the disposal or hand-over of hazardous waste to licensed companies. |
| | Material supply | (f) Use existing plants, quarries, or borrow pits with appropriate official approval or valid operating license. |
| | | (g) Obtain licenses for any new quarries and/or borrowing areas if their operation is required. |
| | | (h) Reinstate used sections of quarries and/or borrowing areas as extraction proceeds on or properly |
| | | closed quarries if extraction completed and license expired. |
| | | (i) Haul materials in off-peak traffic hours. |
| | | (j) Place speed regulating, diverting, and warning signs for traffic as appropriate. |
| | Earthworks | (a) Topsoil should be stripped before starting of earthworks. |
| | | (b) Proper topsoil storage practice should be applied to ensure to maintain physical-chemical and biological activity of the soil; Temporary protective silt fencing should be erected to avoid erosion (wash down). |
| | | (c) Stored topsoil should be used for reinstatement and landscaping. |
| | | (d) Topsoil from the sites, which will not be reinstated to the initial conditions will be distributed carefully on the surrounding area. |
| | | (e) Topsoil will be reinstated separately from subsoil, with care taken to avoid mixing of the materials. The topsoil reinstatement will be sufficient to restore the fertile depth to the initial conditions as judged by the topsoil strip during visual observation and comparison of the reinstated site and adjacent land. When replacing the topsoil Contractor will program the works such that the areas furthest away from the stockpiles are reinstated first with reinstatement getting progressively closer to the stockpiles, thus reducing the number of vehicle movements over the reinstated topsoil. The reinstated topsoil will then be harrowed, where practical, to protect the stability and promote vegetative growth. (f) In case chance find is encountered in the course of earth works, the contractor must immediately stop |
| | | any physical activity on site and informs the MDF. The MDF promptly notifies the Ministry of Culture and Monument Protection, which takes over responsibility for the following course of action. Works may resume only upon receipt of written permission from the Ministry of Culture and Monument Protection. |
| F. Hazardous or toxic | Toxic / hazardous | (a) Temporarily storage on site of all hazardous or toxic substances will be in safe containers labeled with |
| materials | waste management | details of composition, properties, and handling information. |
| | | (b) The containers of hazardous substances shall be placed in a leak-proof container to prevent spillage and leaching. |
| | | (c) The wastes shall be transported by specially licensed carriers and disposed in a licensed facility. |
| | | (a) Paints with toxic ingredients or solvents or lead-based paints will not be used |

PART D: MONITORING PLAN

| the officially o | CONS In the supplier's Office or Warehouse Construction site | Verification of documents | During the conclusion | To ensure technical | |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|
| the officially or or oliers what was achinery are Control of the officially or or olivers when the officially or olivers when the official or olivers when the official or olivers when the official or olivers when the olivers when t | office or warehouse | | • | To ensure technical | |
| | Construction site | Inspection | of the supply contracts Unannounced inspections during | reliability and safety of infrastructure Limit pollution of soil and air from emissions; | MDF, Construction supervisor MDF, Construction |
| e confined and lining; urs and routes on are | | | work hours and beyond | Limit nuisance to local communities from noise and vibration; Minimize traffic disruption. | supervisor, Traffic Police |
| ce finds pension of tion of the ture and otection, and works on formal Ministry. | Construction site | Inspection | In the course of earth works; | Prevent pollution of the construction site and its surroundings with construction waste; Prevent damage and loss of physical cultural resources; Prevent topsoil losses. | MDF, Construction supervisor |
| re constant | rage of erial in the d agreed upon ne excavated r its disposal designated ce finds pension of tion of the ture and otection, and works on formal | rage of erial in the dagreed upon ne excavated rits disposal designated ce finds pension of tion of the ture and otection, and works on formal Ministry. ed before | rage of erial in the d agreed upon ne excavated rits disposal designated ce finds pension of tion of the ture and otection, and works on formal Ministry. ed before | rage of erial in the d agreed upon ne excavated rits disposal designated neture and exection, and works on formal Ministry. | con are disruption. Construction site Inspection In the course of earth works; In the course of earth works; Prevent pollution of the construction site and its surroundings with construction waste; Prevent damage and loss of physical cultural resources; Prevent topsoil losses. Cee finds pension of tion of the ture and otection, and works on formal Ministry. End before |

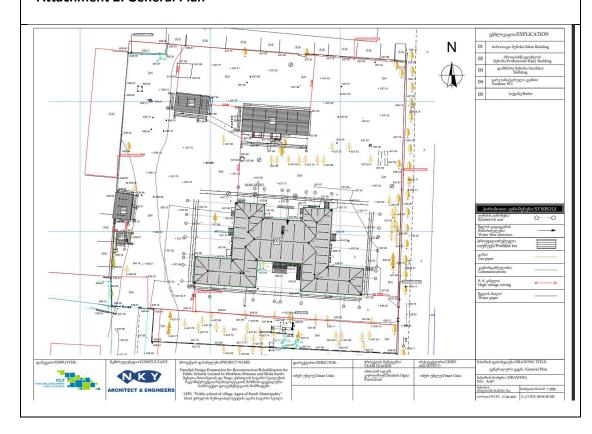
| | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | T |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|------------------------------------|
| Sourcing of the natural construction material | Proper topsoil storage practice is applied; Temporary protective silt fencing is erected; Striped topsoil is used for reinstatement and landscaping. Purchase of material from the existing suppliers if feasible; Obtaining of extraction license by the works contract and strict compliance with the license conditions; Terracing of the borrow area, backfilling to the exploited areas of the borrow site, and landscape | Borrowing areas | Inspection of documents Inspection of works | In the course of material extraction | Limiting erosion of slopes and degradation of ecosystems and landscapes; Limiting erosion of riverbanks, water pollution with suspended particles, and disruption of aquatic life. | MDF, Construction supervisor |
| | harmonization; Excavation of river gravel and sand from outside of the water stream, arrangement of protective barriers of gravel between excavation area and the water stream, and no entry of machinery into the water stream. | | | | | |
| Generation of construction waste | The temporary storage of construction waste in specially allocated areas; Timely disposal of waste to the formally designated locations | Construction site; Waste disposal site | Inspection | Periodically during construction and upon complaints | Prevent pollution of the construction site and nearby area with solid waste | MDF, Construction supervisor |
| Traffic disruption and limitation of pedestrian access | Installation of traffic limitation/diversion signage; Storage of construction materials and temporary placement of construction | At and around the construction site | Inspection | In the course of construction works | Prevent traffic accidents; Limit nuisance to residents | MDF, Construction supervisor |

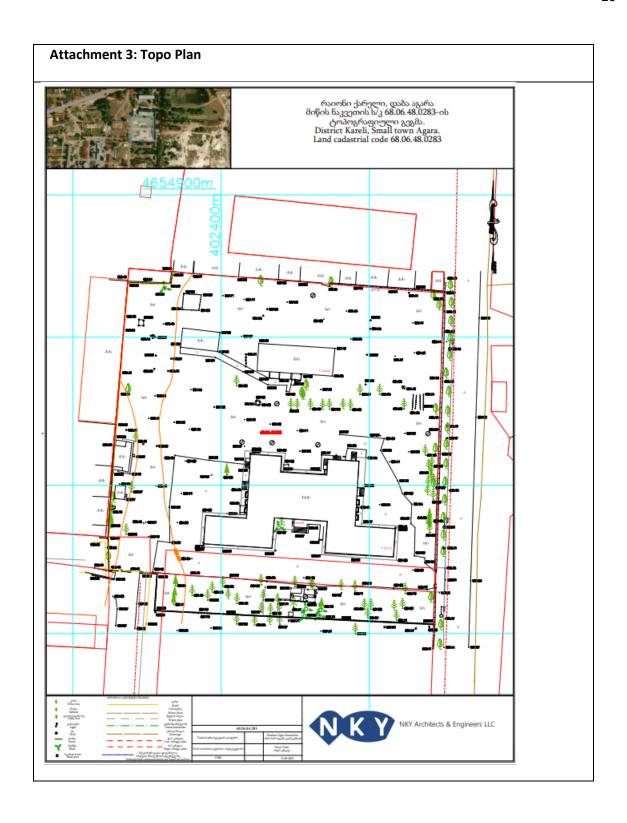
| | I | T | T | 1 | T | T |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| | waste in a way preventing | | | | | |
| | congestion of access roads | | | | | |
| Workers' health and | Provision of uniforms and | Construction site | Inspection | Unannounced | The limited occurrence of | MDF, |
| safety | safety gear to workers; | | | inspections in the | on-the-job accidents and | Construction |
| | Provision of potable water | | | course of work | emergencies | supervisor |
| | and lavatories for men and | | | | | |
| | women at worksite; | | | | | |
| | Informing of workers and | | | | | |
| | personnel on the personal | | | | | |
| | safety rules and instructions | | | | | |
| | for operating | | | | | |
| | machinery/equipment, and | | | | | |
| | strict compliance with these | | | | | |
| | rules/instructions; | | | | | |
| | Adoption and adherence to | | | | | |
| | plan for preventing spread of | | | | | |
| | COVID-19 infection and | | | | | |
| | action in response to the | | | | | |
| | possible outbreak. | | | | | |
| Works within | Informing affecting | Construction site | Inspection | Recurrent | Ensure the safety of | MDF, |
| settlement | population on the upcoming | | | | residents and minimize | Construction |
| | works and any temporary | | | | nuisance | supervisor |
| | disruptions of municipal | | | | | |
| | service provision that may | | | | | |
| | occur during works; | | | | | |
| | Observance of the | | | | | |
| | established working hours | | | | | |
| | during daytime, minimizing | | | | | |
| | noise and dust emissions, | | | | | |
| | limiting speed of moving | | | | | |
| | construction vehicles and | | | | | |
| | machinery. | | | | | |
| | | OF | PERATION PHASE | 1 | I . | |
| Generation of waste | Proper management of solid | Municipal area | Inspection | Throughout | Prevent pollution with | MES |
| from maintenance of | waste | | | operation of the | solid waste | |
| rehabilitated school | | | | school | | |

Attachment 1: Ortho Photo



Attachment 2: General Plan





| Attachment 4: Cadastral Inf | ormation |
|-----------------------------|----------|
|-----------------------------|----------|



Buljuk (gatranga gloslegilah) hayansalagtan yong N 68.06.48.283

ამონაწერი საჯარო რეესგრიღან

განცხაღების რეგისგრაცია N 882016123718 - 02/03/2016 10:21:53 მომმაღების თარიღი 09/03/2016 10:07:52

საკუთრების განყოფილება

8m6s სექგორი ქარელი აგარა 68 06

283 მისამართი: რაიონი ქარელი , ღაბა აგარა

ნაკვეთის საკუთრების გიპი:საკუთრება ნაკვეთის დანიშნულება: არასასოფლო სამეურნეო დაზუსგებული ფართობი: 10901.00 კვ.მ. ნაკვეთის წინა ნომერი: 68.06.01.054;

შენობა-ნაგებობის ჩამონათვალი:N01-ღაბა აგარის საგაარო სკოლა საერთო უართით-2938.48 კვ.მ, აქელან: I სართული უართით-969.31 კვ.მ, II სართული უართით-992.09 კვ.მ, III სართული ფართით-977.08 კვ.მ; N02სახელოსნო საერთო ფართით-131.58 კვ.მ; N03სახელოსნო საერთო უართით-34.56 კე.9; N04საპირუარეშო საერთო უართით-28,16 კე.მ; N05-წყალსაქაჩი საერთო უართით-5.75 კე.მ.

მესაკუთრის განყოფილება

განცხალების რეგისგრაცია : ნომერი 682004001225 , თარილი 11/10/2004

უფლების ღამაღასგურებელი ღოკუმენგი:

- აგარის საჯარო სკოლის გერიგორიის ნახაში , საქართველო ქარელის გექინვენგარიმაციის ბიურო
- ცნობა-ღახასიათება N6 , ღამოწმების თარიღი:05/10/2004 , საქართველო ქარელის გექ. აღრიცხვის გერიგორიული სამსახური

მესაკუთრეები: სახელმწიფო

მესაკუთრე: სახელმწიფო აღწერა:

საგადასახადო გირავნობა:

რეგისგრირებული არ არის

სარგებლობა

იპოთეკა

საჯარო რეესგრის ეროვნული სააგენგო. http://public.reestri.gov.ge

გვერღი: 1(2)

განცხალების მოსარგებლე: სსიპ ქარელის მუნიციპალიგეგის აგარის საჯარო სკოლა რეგისგრაცია

მესაკუთრე: სახელმწიფო; ნომერი

საგანი:არასასოფლო-სამეურნეო მიწის ნაკვეთი უართი10901.0 კვ.მ. ღა მასზე განთავსებული 882016123718

შენობა-ნაგებობები; თარიღი 02/03/2016 10:21:53 არსებობის ვაღით;

მომართვა,რეესგრის ნომერი N11/3338, დამოწმების თარიღი25/01/2016, სახელმწიფო უფლების რეგისგრაცია: თარიღი ქონების ეროვნული სააგენგოს შიღა ქართლისა ღა მცხეთა-მთიანეთის მომსახურების

09/03/2016

ვალღებულება

ყადაღა/აკრძალვა:

რეგისგრირებული არ არის

მოვალეთა რეესგრი:

რეგისგრირებული არ არის

"ფინიკური პირის მიერ 2 წლიმლე ვილთ საკუთრებიში ირჩებული მაგერიალური აქციეის რეალმაციისას, აგრუთვე საგალბიბალი წლის გარებილაბის 1000 ლარის ან შეცი ლრებულების ქინების სახუვნალ მალებისა სამემისავლი გალბიბალა გალაბლას კვეუმლებარები საანგარიში წლბა მიმლენი წლის 1 პინალამლი, რის ჩემისებიც აღანიშნული ფინი ერის არის იმივე გალაბის წილების დაკულაბიცის ბარების აღანიშის, აღსიშნული გალატულების შეუმრელებლობა წარმოალემი საგალასაბალი სამართალდანოვევები, რაც იწვევს პანუმისშვებლობის საქართველის საგალაბაბალი გალაქების XVII თაგის მამოვლის.

- ღოკუმენგის ნამღვილობის გაღამოწმება შესაძლებელია საჯარო რეესგრის ეროვნული სააგენგოს ოფიციალურ ვებ–გვერღმე www.
- napr.gov.ge; ◆ ამონაწერის მიღება შესაძლებელია ვებ–გეერდშე www. napr.gov.ge, ნებისმიერ გერიგორიულ სარეგისგრაციო სამსახურში, იუსგიციის ამისაჩქების მაღება მესახლებლად ელ "გეცოლე თოა... აგია გა. აგია გა. იკითოლა იკითოლა ად ად ად აგა... აგა... აგა. ამახლებად ან დაგაქტის კერი ნარეების აღტამების მესახლებების დაგავი გაემალი 2.05-605 ან ანარადად შეატეჟი განაცხალ ევბ-გევრლმე. ამისაჩქერმა გაემა კერი ნარეების აღტამების ამესახლებების დაგავი გაემალი 2.05-605 ანარადად შეატეჟი განაცხალ ევბ-გევრლმე. უმიშელგავის მახლება შეამამიშნომელია მარაღამ გაემანობის მესახლების მესახლების დაგვიგაბეშირელი ებლი ხაშშე: 08 009 009 09 ამექვებიდეს სამაგერების დაბამაშრომების საკობანობ გაეგემანოების ამეგემანტების დაგვიგაბეშირელი ებთ. აღ

საჯარო რეესგრის ეროვნული სააგენგო. http://public.reestri.gov.ge

გვერდი: 2(2)

Attachment 5: Cadastral Plan ᲡᲐᲥᲐᲠᲗᲕᲔᲚᲝᲡ ᲘᲣᲡᲢᲘᲪᲘᲘᲡ ᲡᲐᲛᲘᲜᲘᲡᲢᲠᲝ ᲡᲐ%ᲐᲠᲝ ᲠᲔᲔᲡᲢᲠᲘᲡ ᲔᲠᲝᲕᲜᲣᲚᲘ ᲡᲐᲐᲒᲔᲜᲢᲝ საპაჲასტორ გეგმა ᲛᲘᲬᲘᲡ ᲜᲐᲙᲕᲔᲗᲘᲡ ᲡᲐᲙᲐᲓᲐᲡᲢᲠᲝ ᲙᲝᲓᲘ: 68 06 48 283 ᲒᲐᲜᲪᲮᲐᲦᲔᲑᲘᲡ ᲠᲔᲒᲘᲡᲢᲠᲐᲪᲘᲘᲡ ᲜᲝᲛᲔᲠᲘ: 882014532920 *10901* კვ.გ. არასასოფლო-სამეურნეო ᲛᲘᲬᲘᲡ ᲜᲐᲙᲕᲔᲗᲘᲡ ᲤᲐᲠᲗᲝᲑᲘ: **ᲓᲐᲜᲘᲨᲜᲣᲚᲔᲑᲐ:** პატმზტრია: 08.10.2014 ᲛᲝᲛᲖᲐᲦᲔᲑᲘᲡ ᲗᲐᲠᲘᲦᲘ: 402350 402400 402450 402500 03/22 680648283 მასშტაბი: 1:1,000 შენობა-ნაგებობა, პირობითი ნომერი/სართულ თნობა 01/2 :::: ვალ დებულება ხაზობრივი ნაგებობა UTM (საერთაშორისო) სიხტემის კოორღ მშენებარე ნაგებობა მიწის ნაკვეთის საკაღასტრო საზღვარი საჯარო რეესტრის ეროვნელი საგენტო:თბილისი 0102 წმ. ნიკოლოზის/ნ. მხეიძის ქ. 2 ტელ: (995 32) 91 04 27; ფაქსი: (995 32) 91 03 41 www.napr.gov ქარელის სარჯგისტრაციო სამსახური. ქ. ქარელი,მგალობლიშვილის ქ. N1

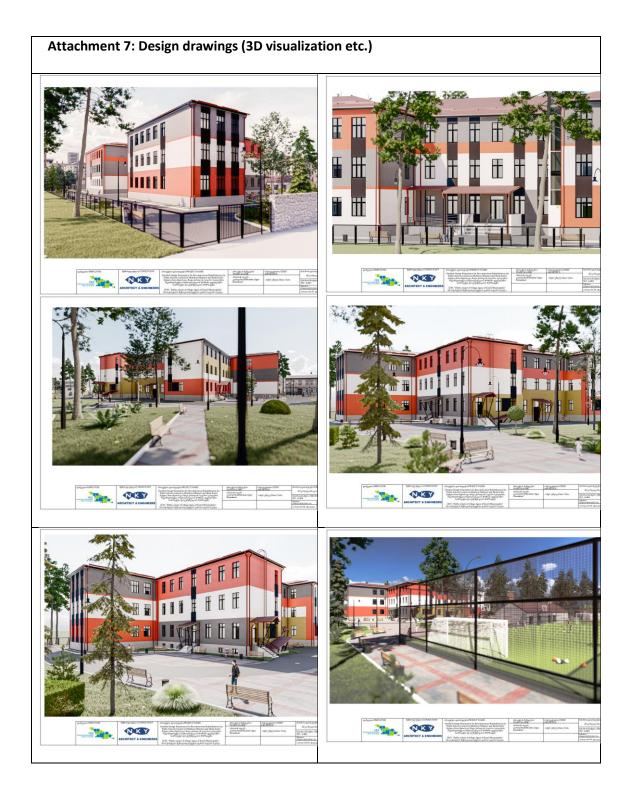
Attachment 6: Site photos











Attachment 8 minutes of the meeting of ESMP.

October 13, 2023
Kareli Municipality

Minutes of Meeting

Innovation, Inclusion, and Quality Project (Georgia I2Q Project) Reconstruction/Rehabilitation of Agara borough Public School Public Consultation meeting

On Project and Environmental and Social Screening Report and Environmental and Social Management Plan

On October 13, 2023, the Municipal Development Fund of Georgia (MDF) organized public consultation to discuss the Project and Environmental and Social Screening Report, Environmental, and Social Management Plan prepared for the sub-project "Reconstruction/Rehabilitation of Agara borough Public School". The meeting was carried out in the Agara borough public school building, Kareli Municipality. Consultation meeting details (date, time and contact information) were included in the announcement, which were posted on the streets near the SP territory, on the school information board, and on the MDF and MES websites.

The consultation aimed to inform the interested parties about the SP, scheduled works under the sub-project (SP), its potential negative/positive impacts on the natural and social environment, and their prevention or mitigation measures.

Those present at the meeting:

- 1. Darejan Begiashvili Director of the Agara borough public school.
- 2. Pati Kalandadze;
- 3. Nino Khvedelidze;
- 4. Darejan Bekurashvili;
- 5. Zina Mekhtievi;
- 6. Natia Kharauli;
- 7. Nino Gelashvili;
- 8. Natia Sulaberidze;
- 9. Shorena Giorgadze;
- 10. Giorgi Ckhikvadze;
- 11. Anna Touladze;
- 12. Leila Osadze;
- 13. Nino Maisuradze;
- 14. Sophio Javakhishvili;
- 15. Lali Khachidze;
- 16. Maka Chebichashvili;
- 17. Lia Khimshiashvili;
- 18. Nana Gogishvili;
- 19. la Ckhovrebashvili;

- 20. Nana Khutsishvili;
- 21. Lia Gelashvili;
- 22. Tamila Mamedovi;
- 23. Milena Sikturashvili;
- 24. Marina Titladze;
- 25. Mzia Dadvani;
- 26. Eka Khachapuridze;
- 27. Nino Gogichaishvili;
- 28. Gaiana Aboiani;
- 29. Nino Chitadze;
- 30. Keti Guliashvili;
- 31. Maguli Adeishvili;
- 32. Natia Meskhi;
- 33. Maiko Begiashvili;
- 34. Megi Robakidze;
- 35. Tamar Nasibovi;
- 36. Jujuna Sostiashvili;
- 37. Naili Guraspashvili;
- 38. Manana Tetunashvili;
- 39. Elene Skhirtladze;
- 40. Tamar Garsidze;
- 41. Asmat Vardzilashvili;
- 42. Lali Meskhi;
- 43. Nana Turmanidze:
- 44. Marina Kharshiladze;
- 45. Zurab Samkharadze;
- 46. Nato Kharazishvili;
- 47. T. Chrikishvili;
- 48. E. Tomadze;
- 49. K. Khachapuridze;
- 50. S. khuroshvili;
- 51. T. Chebichashvili;
- 52. G. Mikelashvili;
- 53. Elza Londaridze;
- 54. Lela Kaushvili;

Representatives of the Municipal Development Fund of Georgia:

Salome Meparishvili - Environmental Specialist;

Davit Arsenashvili- Social consultant.

Nutsa Gumberidze – Beneficiary Relations specialist (GRM contact person).

Salome Mepharishvili opened the meeting and presented representatives of the MDF and MoES and the meeting objectives. She briefly introduced SP and discussed in detail all the rehabilitation works planned under the SP. She also briefly introduced all the rehabilitation works: how will all the stages be executed. During the first stage, the demolition works will be conducted. After will be followed the structural strengthening and MEP works. Finally, fit-out and landscaping works will be executed.

Salome Meparishvili explained that according to the Environmental Assessment Code of Georgia, the SP does not require the Environmental Decision from the Ministry of Environmental Protection and Agriculture (MEPA). However, to ensure the SP's environmental and social safety, MDF is responsible for following the World Bank (WB) safeguard policies. Therefore, she presented the WB's social and environmental screening procedures and presented the ESMP elaborated for this SP.

She briefly discussed ESMP's content and structure. She presented the environmental, social, public relations, and labor-management measures described in the document. As an essential part of the ESMP, she informed the attendees about potential environmental and social risks associated with this SP and mitigation measures to prevent or minimize those negative impacts.

She mentioned according to the design of rehabilitation works, no tree cutting is required, excavated soil will be fully reused on site territory for yard landscaping.

Salome Meparishvili mentioned that EMP forms an integral part of the civil works contract. Therefore, thorough implementation of the ESMP measures to protect the social and natural environment and human health is obligatory for the work contractor. She also discussed the environmental monitoring aspects, responsible parties for the environmental supervision, and reporting procedures during the SP implementation.

Davit Arsenashvili informed the participants about procedures and the importance of the Grievance Redress Mechanism established at MDF. Shared information about contact persons for communication, in case of existence of any complaints concerning environmental or social issues and/or expressing the comments and suggestions. He provided information regarding billboards where they can find GRM contact information (phone numbers and emails), complaint boxes that will be available at every construction site and grievance forms for anonymous complaints. She distributed brochures with GRM contact information through the audience.

Davit presented to the audience information on the public engagement, feedback mechanisms and gender-related issues. Leaflets regarding harassment and violence were distributed among the participants. Questionnaire on Social and Gender Issues has been filled.

At the end of the meeting, the audience participated in a Q&A session concerning the presented issues; they posed the following questions:

| Questions and Remarks: | Answers and Comments: |
|--|--|
| Where will we move during rehabilitation works? | During the rehabilitation period studying process will continue to Sagholasheni and Dibris public school |
| Is yard landscaping included in the project? | Yes, the project includes yard landscaping |
| Will there be a buffet in the new school building? | The buffet will be in the school |

The participants expressed their gratitude and noted that the implementation of this SP is highly important and a priority for the pupils, teachers, parents and local population. Especially pupils couldn't hide their excitement and happiness after seeing the design of the new school.

Photo materials are enclosed.



List of attendees:

აგარის საჯარო სკოლის რეკონსტრუქცია/რეაბილიტაცია (ქარელის მუნიციპალიტეტი)

Reconstruction/Rehabilitation of Village Agara Public School (Kareli Municipality)

შეხვედრაზე დამსწრეთა რეგისტრაციის ფურცელი Public Consultation Meeting - 13.10.2023

List of Attendees

| # | სახელი და გვარი / Full Name | მისამართი / Address | ორგანიზაცია / Organization | საკონტაქტო ინფორმაცია / Contact Information | ხელმოწერა / Signature |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| 1 | 3880 3500569500 | 535-5 2550001-2 | 21/5. 535hov 6535hm 13m | T 593 566 473 | 3. gm |
| 2 | 5,5m 63707md | entre isos | 335hil bysh lympu | 599-47-00-38 | 5.6370 mgs |
| 3 | 6-422- 80 922y2g2y | orge ages | 22 - 6 - 6 | 568-72-15-46 | P. 27. |
| 4 | 8,50 36 pr 332 | 6082 2 Depa | 29mg Sans | 599-33-85-39 | 8. 250 |
| 5 | 50010 > 60000 yen | 6282 282ps | Jamboc - | 568-83-38-92 | 5. behoson |
| 6 | ნონა კელაშვილი | ७०६० उद्यी | Jandoma | 598-89-06-09 | E. Zornizzarin |
| 7 | Evano lygoghad | 11 | 99-05-0 | 599 - 86-00-20 | 5. wyf. |

| 8 | Johnson zambyst | 0.03060 | Sp. Margallon | 551/23563 | J. Amos |
|----|------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------|------------|
| b | gorden blogsits | 6- 59th | Post of Description | 598 4355 09 | 2M2 |
| | | 9. 13.h | appel of and pz. | 591 /1/2 37 | |
| 11 | andylike by gods | e. szahu | 2 Jun 3/co | 59855-59-79 | 2. country |
| 12 | mbody gazans | go. 075161 | 3 Fridgen | 599-00-44-03 | amp's |
| 13 | 1896 (289) 13 | long to to Wilde | 22/5/35/82 | 599 42 03 30 | 6.30 hh |
| 14 | 500m don yft 1 | المدود ع | 126035757- | 579 36 19 03 | 60. |
| | hish 3m 25 | lag. Brales-20 | | 595 318-380 | 2. Infect |
| 16 | bohndy son | odes ogsho | 3 mg gan | 555-49-69-95 | e bifs. |
| 17 | wwo puggod aus | | | 568-63 35 18 | May |
| 18 | Oxo, Surgish | +336 pinh | And why | 555-43-82-27 | 1 1/ |
| | as forghéignen | | 89 303mm | 599-45-75-80 | a fre |

| 20 | (20 pl (21/2. E) | | | | |
|----|--------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------------------------|-------------|
| 21 | 6060 byloten an | uzho holanza de 60 | John . | 555-654-164 | 6-640-3-01 |
| | | 3 Ja Ja Brong my July 8 | | 592 40-81-18 | S. Street |
| _ | arguer grasomza | | | 558 49.47 35 | en Dedgemin |
| | mark montogan | | | 599 45-50-20 | 2. Comps |
| | Janobs ormer as by | | | 599-45-99-98 | Jamos mps |
| | | | | 599-45-10-60 599 44-42-40 | 2. engo |
| 27 | 33 20 30 50 19 100 | Jahr hit byma | भ दिल्हा भ | | g- hrysy |
| | บายและเลา | | | 538-47-38-00 | E. hodol |
| | - 10 | uzuhu buzuha bzagu | | 568-940-645 | 3. Smass |
| 30 | 6060 BOUS | bozoha limos | 2Jasoca | 598-51-98-21 | 6.84 |

| 31 | Joan 30 for Bren | Espanal duks | 2 Embroca | 599 92-57-31 | 1. mm3 |
|------|--|---|----------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| 32 | grade will be | Come me ted | Jang um | 588-95-85-84 | 100.3 |
| 33 | Esons Edba | | | 57933-84-94 | 6.8/8_ |
| 34 | 3,070 g 50,935 | | N 100 | 571-22-55-53 | 2h |
| 35 | gosu Cudzgud | | | 550-0 5 -05-31 | Jam & |
| 2000 | The second secon | C1 C100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 | | 594982493 | or Ashings |
| 37 | y goyy Imyon | Lomburs + | 26° | 599 47 1020 | y huy. |
| | Esur gyhldifizm | | | 599-45-05-75 | 6. July . 3 |
| 39 | 25252 100/05 70 | Do mile 2m 1 co d | 216 12 m. 6 m. | 599-45-90-30 | 2/17/21 |
| 40 | X260 1PUPBG292 Grener BaldAeryddu | low ghous | 2016/203000 | 591-41-36-65 | 3,110 |
| | outh ghat | | gyarsenen | 599-47-00-45 | agran |
| _ | olda zindnota | 1 - | からすかい | 599-47 42 48 | J. 78) |

| 43 | enom zlan | 6.02mgs | Jehn lighm lyngs | 1 558 674555 | en 2/1 |
|---------|---------------------|---------|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 44 | Ever agherends | 6.200 | ophil with ymgs | 591-95-91-10 | 6 mps |
| 45 | applied 2 and | 6-29/2 | sand site | 539474042 | Mat |
| 46 | | | , | | |
| 47 | | | | | |
| 48 | | | | | |
| 80 | Without by L | uzshu | 1276/m | 599455090 | Ship |
| 81 | ofen pyriga | 291 K | and 35 lb c | 551-90-00-86 | 6. bry |
| 100.000 | a. Khanga | ozh | 3116230183 | 599-47-06-00 | a. 227 |
| | J. 01 m 25 d | ozshu | JN603() 5/2 | 599-45-05-51 | g. omil |
| 84 | d. कियी व्यवितर | 4080 | Mucy galaso | 599-45-40-90 | J. 6080. |
| 85 | 3. 6 \$ styles | sah | 216030760 | 599451117 | 8.17 |
| 86 | 1. 6 gh - 8 g - 5 | sych, | 350000 | 568933767 | & by hardz m |
| 87 | on. hofanks Janso | ozshs | 28m3jçn | 597 09.98.09 | 01. |
| 88 | 3. grapes of sur | مارود | 32000 | 598 22 07 09 | 3-242/22 |
| 8 | 89 2 (Bs computed) | 383/3 | 2 Ford of | 599 900 719 | 2 phg |
| 5 | SES Buy Hym | - NJA | gangens | 568-68-10-34 | 3- gfm |
| 5 | 21 | | | | <i>V</i> |
| 9 | 22 | | | | |
| 9 | 93 | | | | |

The present minutes were prepared on October 16, 2023 by the MDF representatives.