External Power Supply to "Gevelli" LTD-owned Sites in Village Kondoli, Telavi Municipality

Sub-Project Environmental and Social Screening and

Environmental Management Plan

WORLD BANK FINANCED
SECOND REGIONAL AND MUNICIPAL INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT PROJECT (SRMIDP)
Public-Private Investment (PPI)

December 2018

The Sub-Project Description

The Sub-project (SP) site is located in village Kondoli, Telavi municipality, Kakheti region, Eastern Georgia. The SP includes arrangement of 10 KW power transmission line and a transformer substation for "Gevelli" LTD in the village Kondoli. Gevelli International Ltd was established in October 2014 as the sole distribution entity of the Georgian wine producer Gevelli LLC. The winery and vineyards are located in the region of Kakheti, in close vicinity of the ancient city of Telavi and set in the picturesque valley of the Alazani river. The area is known as the oldest wine cultivating region on Earth, as its oenological roots reach 6000 B.C. The Gevelli Wine and Vineyards winery is fitted with the most modern, winemaking and wine-ageing equipment. The SP implementation will consequently increase visitors' flow to the entertaining-recreational hotel Gevelli, so indirect economic benefit to the local population as well as or for the hotel might occur. Moreover, arrangement of 10 kV voltage network, which is envisaged in the current SP, is for of LTD "Gevelli" outdoor lightening. The 10 kV voltage network will be connected to Electrical transmission line "Condole". The new transmission line will cross the linear infrastructure owned by "Silknet" LTD. The linear infrastructure is buried. The company has submitted a written consent allowing power-supply works under specific conditions (Attachment 1 to EMP). The transmission line will pass through the State-owned land, but the transformer ($3X3m^2$) substation will be located in a privately-owned land plot (with the cadastral code: 53.05.53.343).The owner, who is the director of LTD Gevelli, has submitted a written consents to JSC Energo-Pro Georgia as well as Municipal Development Fund of Georgia regarding the placement of transformers on the land plot under his ownership in accordance with the design (Attachment 2). The SP is designed by ENERGO-PRO Georgia JSC and the constructing works will be carried out by the same company.

Furthermore, road rehabilitation works are planned under a WB financed separate SP in PPI program. A separate ESMP is prepared and includes all the required information.

(A) IMPACT IDENTIFICATION

Does the sub-project have a tangible impact on the environment?	The SP is expected to have a modest short-term negative environmental impact, while its long-term impact is expected to be positive due to the improvement transportation conditions and reduction of negative environmental impacts such as dust, emissions, vibration and noise from cars' movement.
What are the significant beneficial and adverse environmental effects of the subproject?	The SP is expected to have neutral long-term impact on the environment, while its short-term impacts are assessed as minimal and typical for small to medium scale rehabilitation works in urban landscape: noise, dust, vibration, and emissions from the operation of construction

	machinery; generation of construction waste; disruption of traffic and pedestrian access.
Does the subproject have any significant potential impact on the local or affected communities?	No new land take and resettlement are expected. The SP will not reduce temporary access to anyone's land or will not cause any possible disruption to any crops. The new transmission line will cross the linear infrastructure owned by "Silknet" LTD. The company has submitted a written consent allowing power-supply works under specific conditions (Attachment 1 to EMP). The transmission line will pass through the State-owned land, but the transformer ($3X3m^2$) substation will be located in a privately-owned land plot (with the cadastral code: 53.05.53.343).The owner, who is the director of LTD Gevelli, has submitted a written consents to JSC Energo-Pro Georgia as well as Municipal Development Fund of Georgia regarding the placement of transformers on the land plot under his ownership in accordance with the design (Attachment 2). The long-term social impact will be beneficial. The SP implementation will consequently increase visitors' flow to the entertaining-recreational hotel Gevelli, so indirect economic benefit to the local population as well as or for the hotel might occur. Besides, in long-term perspective growing of the Hotel capacity, may increase employment of the locals as well. Employment of local citizens might increase: • In tourism enterprises (According to the project importance for tourism growth, the local population can make actions to attract tourists by offering various actions). • SP implementation may increase temporary employment opportunities for local residents, because usually it is advantageous for contractors to hire local residents; • after the SP implementation for maintenance/repairs of the restored infrastructure (long term income-generation);

	Negative impacts are short term and limited to the construction site. They are related to the possible disturbance described above.
What impact has the subproject on the human health?	Because there are no residential or public buildings are located nearby, so impact on public health through the SP will be zero. Miner negative impacts are related to dust, emissions, noise and vibration during construction period.

(B) MITIGATION MEASURES

What alternatives to the subproject design have been considered and what mitigation measures are proposed?	As the SP was designed by ENERGO-PRO Georgia JSC, upon the written request from the Givelli LTD, so no alternatives were discussed. The expected negative impacts of the construction phase can be easily mitigated by demarcation of the construction site, traffic management, good maintenance of the construction machinery, observance of the established working hours, and well-organized disposal of waste to the formally agreed sites. The constructing contractor has to ensure worker's health and safety by providing PPE. Workers' PPE will comply with international good practice (always hardhats, as needed masks and safety glasses, harnesses and safety boots); Appropriate signposting of the sites will inform workers of key rules and regulations to follow. ENERGO-PRO Georgia JSC will design and build the power supply infrastructure to be provided under this SP, as it is the only entity to provide the kind of works included in the SP and has relevant qualification and experience.

What lessons from the previous similar subprojects have been incorporated into the project design?	MDF have wide experience of implementation of medium and large-scale subprojects financed by various Donor Organizations.
Have concerned communities been involved and have their interests and knowledge been adequately taken into consideration in subproject preparation?	Local people including owners in the vicinity of the construction works, have been informed about the SP implementation by the LSG contact person. Information about the SP and contacts for further inquiries and/or grievances will be present on site throughout SP implementation so that future feedback, questions or complaints may be recorded and addressed.

(D) CATEGORIZATION AND CONCLUSION

Based on the screening outcomes,

Subproject is classified as environmental Category

- A ☐
- B ☒
- C ☐

Conclusion of the environmental screening:

1. Sub-project is declined ☐
2. Subproject is accepted ☒

If accepted, and based on risk assessment, subproject preparation requires:

1. Completion of the Environmental Management Checklist For Small Construction and Rehabilitation Activities ☒
2. Environmental Review, including development of Environmental Management Plan ☐

Risk Assessment of Eligible Subprojects

Sensitive receptors of the Natural and Social Environment around a subproject site	Yes / No?	**Significant potential impact / high risk** (check)	**Low potential impact / low risk** (check)
Natural Habitats, fragile ecosystems	Yes	Forests; wetlands; nesting/breeding areas, rest areas for migratory birds, wildlife corridors connecting protected areas, steep slopes, alpine and sub-alpine zone, green-fields	Strongly transformed urban or rural landscapes, industrial sites, brown-fields
			✓
Surface water bodies	No	Major rivers and river floodplains, trans-boundary water bodies and their tributaries, lakes; smaller water bodies which have high value for local communities or biodiversity	Small rivers and streams, artificial reservoirs and ponds which are not indicated as having high value for local communities or biodiversity
		N/A	N/A
Groundwater sources	No	Deposits of the regional/national importance, mineral and/or thermal water sources, high groundwater table	Regular groundwater table
		N/A	N/A
Valuable landscapes	No	Protected landscapes, landscapes of outstanding aesthetic value, Green-fields, recreational areas	Strongly transformed urban or rural landscapes, industrial sites, brown-fields
		N/A	N/A
Physical cultural resources	No	Individual or general protection zones of cultural monuments, historical or traditional sites (religious, burial, ritual)	No cultural resources
		N/A	N/A
Human settlements	No	More than 20 affected households; physical relocation needed	Less than 20 affected households, no physical relocation needed, no land take required
		N/A	N/A
Geohazards: severe erosion, landslides, flooding	No	Recorded	Not recorded
		N/A	N/A
If a subproject is expected to carry high risk based on any of the above criteria of assessment, it is considered a high-risk subproject. An environmental review has to be carried out and an environmental management plan developed; If a subproject is not expected to carry high risk based on any of the above criteria of assessment, it is considered a low risk subproject and an Environmental Management Checklist for Small Construction and Rehabilitation Activities has to be completed.			

Social Screening of Subprojects

Social safeguards screening information		Yes	No
1	Is the information related to the affiliation and ownership status of the subproject site available and verifiable? (The screening cannot be completed until this is available)	✓	
2	Will the project reduce other people's access to their economic resources, such as land, pasture, water, public services or other resources that they depend on?		✓
3	Will the project result in resettlement of individuals or families or require the acquisition of land (public or private, temporarily or permanently) for its development?		✓
4	Will the project result in the temporary or permanent loss of crops, fruit trees and household infra-structure (such as granaries, outside toilets and kitchens, etc.)?		✓
If answer to any above question (except question 1) is "Yes", then **OP/BP 4.12 Involuntary Resettlement** is applicable and mitigation measures should follow this OP/BP 4.12 and the **Resettlement Policy Framework**			
Cultural resources safeguard screening information		**Yes**	**No**
5	Will the project require excavation near any historical, archaeological or cultural heritage site?		✓
If answer to question 5 is "Yes", then **OP/BP 4.11 Physical Cultural Resources** is applicable and possible chance finds must be handled in accordance with OP/BP and relevant procedures provided in the **Environmental Management Framework**.			

PART B: GENERAL PROJECT AND SITE INFORMATION

INSTITUTIONAL & ADMINISTRATIVE				
Country	**Georgia**			
Subproject title	**External Power Supply for LTD "Gevelli" Belongings in Village Kondoli, Telavi Municipality**			
Scope of subproject and activity	The Sub-project (SP) site is located in village Kondoli, Telavi municipality, Kakheti region, Eastern Georgia. The SP includes arrangement of 10 KW power transmission line and a transformer substation for "Gevelli" LTD in the village Kondoli. Gevelli International Ltd was established in October 2014 as the sole distribution entity of the Georgian wine producer Gevelli LLC. The winery and vineyards are located in the region of Kakheti, in close vicinity of the ancient city of Telavi and set in the picturesque valley of the Alazani river. The area is known as the oldest wine cultivating region on Earth, as its oenological roots reach 6000 B.C. The Gevelli Wine and Vineyards winery is fitted with the most modern, winemaking and wine-ageing equipment. The SP implementation will consequently increase visitors' flow to the entertaining-recreational hotel Gevelli, so indirect economic benefit to the local population as well as or for the hotel might occur. Moreover, arrangement of 10 kV voltage network, which is envisaged in the current SP, is for of LTD "Gevelli" outdoor lightening. The 10 kV voltage network will be connected to Electrical transmission line "Condole". The new transmission line will cross the linear infrastructure owned by "Silknet" LTD. The linear infrastructure is buried. The company has submitted a written consent allowing power-supply works under specific conditions (Attachment 1 to EMP). The transmission line will pass through the State-owned land, but the transformer (3X3m^2) substation will be located in a privately-owned land plot (with the cadastral code: 53.05.53.343).The owner, who is the director of LTD Gevelli, has submitted a written consents to JSC Energo-Pro Georgia as well as Municipal Development Fund of Georgia regarding the placement of transformers on the land plot under his ownership in accordance with the design (Attachment 2). The SP is designed by ENERGO-PRO Georgia JSC and the constructing works will be carried out by the same company.			
Institutional arrangements (Name and contacts)	WB (Project Team Leader) Joana Mclean Masic	Project Management Municipal Development Fund of Georgia	Safeguard Supervision MDF Ketevan Papashvili	Local Counterpart and/or Recipient Telavi Municipality
Implementation arrangements (Name and contacts)	Safeguard Supervision WB Darejan Kapanadze, Environment Sophia Georgieva, Social	Local Counterpart Supervision Construction supervision consultancy company "EPTISA"	Local Inspectorate Supervision -	Contractor ENERGO-PRO Georgia JSC
SITE DESCRIPTION				
Name of site	Village Kondoli			
Describe site location	SP site is located in village Kondoli, Telavi municipality, Kakheti region, Eastern Georgia.			

Who owns the land?	State-owned land; and a land plot (with the cadastral code: 53.05.53.343) owned by Zurab Charbadze, the director of Geveli LTD.
Description of geographic, physical, biological, geological, hydrographic and socio-economic context	Gevelli LTD was founded in October of 2014 as the sole distribution entity of the Georgian wine producer Gevelli LLC. Kondoli is a village in the Telavi Municipality, Kakheti, Georgia and Eastern part of the country. Located on the Alazani plain, on the left blank of the river Kisiskhevi. 460 meters from sea level, 6 kilometers away from Telavi. According to the 2014 census, 2 188 people live in the village.
Locations and distance for material sourcing, especially aggregates, water, stones?	Average distance of transportation of local construction materials will be around 10 km. At the construction site water for construction activities will be provided through water tankers and potable water will be provided with plastic bottles. Some of excavated material will be backfilled and some additional material will be delivered from the licensed borrowing sites – estimated distance 5-10 km. Construction waste will be disposed at Telavi municipal landfill. Telavi municipality will issue a letter where to place excess inert materials.
LEGISLATION	
Identify national & local legislation & permits that apply to project activity	The SP is classified as low risk Category B according to the WB policies and the EMF. Telavi municipal authority approved the SP. Georgian legislation does not require any type of environmental review, approval, or permitting for the subproject. Though according to the national regulatory system, (i) construction materials must be obtained from licensed providers, (ii) if contractor wishes to open quarries or extract material from river bed (rather than purchasing these materials from other providers), then the contractor must obtain licenses for extraction, (iii) if contractor wishes to operate own asphalt or concrete plant (rather than purchasing these materials from other providers), then the contractor must obtain an environmental permit with an established ceiling of pollutant concentrations in emissions. (iv) disposal of the construction waste into a landfill or permanent placement of access inert material generated in the course of earth works in a selected location must be approved by local (municipal) governing bodies in written. GOST and SNIP norms must be adhered.
GRIEVANCE REDRESS MECHANISM	
Appropriate grievance redress mechanism was established to solve grievances of Project-Affected People, as required. Telavi Municipality has assigned a responsible person – Giorgi Kiknadze, Head of Infrastructure Service of Telavi Municipality, to receive, review and react to the APs grievances (Tel: 599 50 74 04). The contact person from the MDF is Nutsa Gumberidze (Tel: +995 598 88 20 19, feedback@mdf.org.ge, 150 Davit Aghmashenebeli ave., 3rd floor, 0112 Tbilisi, Georgia.) If the grievance will not be solved at the local level, it will be lodged to the MDF. As for grievance monitoring MDF registers all received compliances, comments and how the compliance was addressed. During public consultations, the local population were informed about the grievance redress process and receive information about contact persons.	
ESMP DISCLOSURE	

Present ESMP was disclosed through the web page of MDF on the 16 th of January, 2019.
Attachments
Attachment 1. Written consent from “Silknet” LTD Attachment 2. Written consents from the land owner obtained by MDF and Energo-pro Georgia.

PART C: SAFEGUARDS INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL /SOCIAL SCREENING			
	Activity/Issue	**Status**	**Triggered Actions**
Will the site activity include/involve any of the following?	A. Rehabilitation	■ Yes [ ] No	See Section **A** below
	B. New construction	[ ] Yes ■ No	See Section **A** below
	C. Individual wastewater treatment system	[ ] Yes ■ No	See Section **B** below
	D. Historic building(s) and districts	[ ] Yes ■ No	See Section **C** below
	E. Acquisition of land[1]	[ ] Yes ■ No	See Section **D** below
	F. Hazardous or toxic materials[2]	[ ] Yes ■ No	See Section **E** below
	G. Impacts on forests and/or protected areas	[ ] Yes ■ No	See Section **F** below
	H. Handling / management of medical waste	[ ] Yes ■ No	See Section **G** below
	I. Traffic and Pedestrian Safety	■ Yes [ ] No	See Section **H** below

[1] Land acquisitions includes displacement of people, change of livelihood encroachment on private property this is to land that is purchased/transferred and affects people who are living and/or squatters and/or operate a business (kiosks) on land that is being acquired.

[2] Toxic / hazardous material includes but is not limited to asbestos, toxic paints, noxious solvents, removal of lead paint, etc.

PART D: MITIGATION MEASURES

ACTIVITY	PARAMETER	MITIGATION MEASURES CHECKLIST
General Conditions	Notification and Worker Safety	(a) The local construction and environment inspectorates and communities have been notified of upcoming activities (b) The public has been notified of the works through appropriate notification in the media and/or at publicly accessible sites (including the site of the works) (c) All legally required permits have been acquired for construction and/or rehabilitation (d) The Contractor formally agrees that all work will be carried out in a safe and disciplined manner designed to minimize impacts on neighboring residents and environment. (e) Workers' PPE will comply with international good practice (always hardhats, as needed masks and safety glasses, harnesses and safety boots) (f) Appropriate signposting of the sites will inform workers of key rules and regulations to follow.
General Rehabilitation and /or Construction Activities	Air Quality	(a) During interior demolition debris-chutes shall be used above the first floor (b) Demolition debris shall be kept in controlled area and sprayed with water mist to reduce debris dust (c) During pneumatic drilling/wall destruction dust shall be suppressed by ongoing water spraying and/or installing dust screen enclosures at site (d) The surrounding environment (sidewalks, roads) shall be kept free of debris to minimize dust (e) There will be no open burning of construction / waste material at the site (f) There will be no excessive idling of construction vehicles at sites
	Noise	(a) Construction noise will be limited to restricted times agreed to in the permit (b) During operations the engine covers of generators, air compressors and other powered mechanical equipment shall be closed, and equipment placed as far away from residential areas as possible
	Water Quality	(a) The site will establish appropriate erosion and sediment control measures such as e.g. hay bales and / or silt fences to prevent sediment from moving off site and causing excessive turbidity in nearby streams and rivers.
	Waste management	(a) Waste collection and disposal pathways and sites will be identified for all major waste types expected from demolition and construction activities. (b) Mineral construction and demolition wastes will be separated from general refuse, organic, liquid and chemical wastes by on-site sorting and stored in appropriate containers. (c) Construction waste will be collected and disposed properly by licensed collectors (d) The records of waste disposal will be maintained as proof for proper management as designed. (e) Whenever feasible the contractor will reuse and recycle appropriate and viable materials (except asbestos)
Traffic and Pedestrian Safety	Direct or indirect hazards to public traffic and pedestrians by construction activities	(a) In compliance with national regulations the contractor will insure that the construction site is properly secured and construction related traffic regulated. This includes but is not limited to ▪ Signposting, warning signs, barriers and traffic diversions: site will be clearly visible and the public warned of all potential hazards ▪ Traffic management system and staff training, especially for site access and near-site heavy traffic. Provision of safe passages and crossings for pedestrians where construction traffic interferes. ▪ Adjustment of working hours to local traffic patterns, e.g. avoiding major transport activities during rush hours or times of livestock movement

		▪ Active traffic management by trained and visible staff at the site, if required for safe and convenient passage for the public. ▪ Ensuring safe and continuous access to office facilities, shops and residences during renovation activities, if the buildings stay open for the public.

Part E: Environmental and Social Monitoring Plan

Activity	What (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	Where (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	How (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	When (Define the frequency / or continuous?)	Why (Is the parameter being monitored?)	Who (Is responsible for monitoring?)
CONSTRUCTION PHASE						
Supply with construction materials	Purchase of construction materials from the officially registered suppliers	In the supplier's office or warehouse	Verification of documents	During conclusion of the supply contracts	To ensure technical reliability and safety of infrastructure	MDF, Construction supervisor
Transportation of construction materials and waste; Movement of construction machinery	Technical condition of vehicles and machinery Confinement and protection of truck loads with lining Respect of the established hours and routes of transportation	Construction site	Inspection	Unannounced inspections during work hours and beyond	Limit pollution of soil and air from emissions; Limit nuisance to local communities from noise and vibration; Minimize traffic disruption.	MDF, Construction supervisor, Traffic Police
Earth works	Temporary storage of excavated material in the pre-defined and agreed upon locations; Backfilling of the excavated material and/or its disposal to the formally designated locations; In case of chance finds immediate suspension of works, notification of the Ministry of Culture and Monument Protection, and resumption of works exclusively upon formal consent of the Ministry.	Construction site	Inspection	In the course of earth works	Prevent pollution of the construction site and its surroundings with construction waste; Prevent damage and loss of physical cultural resources	MDF, Construction supervisor

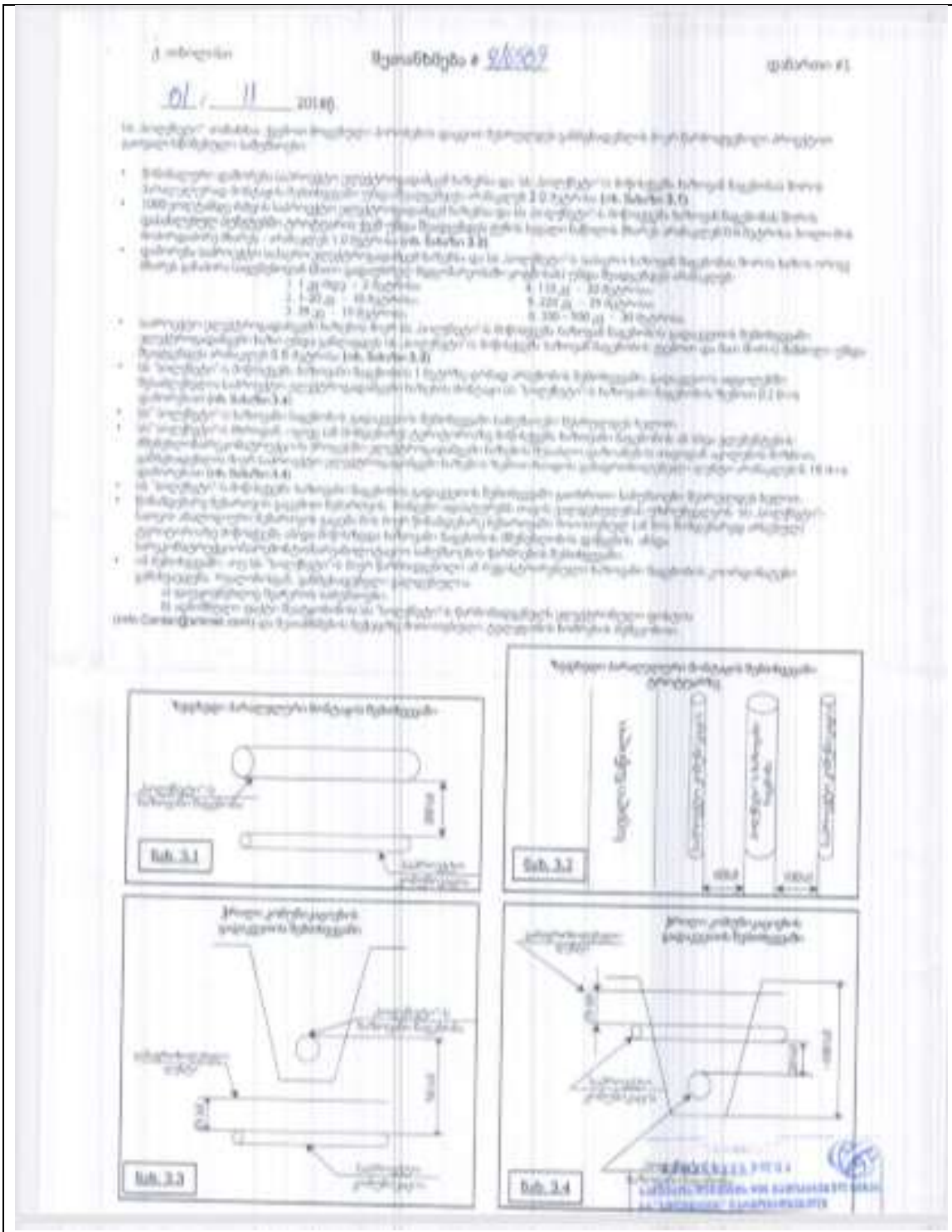
Activity	What (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	Where (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	How (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	When (Define the frequency / or continuous?)	Why (Is the parameter being monitored?)	Who (Is responsible for monitoring?)
Sourcing of natural construction material	Purchase of material from the existing suppliers if feasible; Obtaining of extraction license by the works contract and strict compliance with the license conditions; Terracing of the borrow area, backfilling to the exploited areas of the borrow site, and landscape harmonization; Excavation of river gravel and sand from outside of the water stream, arrangement of protective barriers of gravel between excavation area and the water stream, and no entry of machinery into the water stream.	Borrowing areas	Inspection of documents Inspection of works	In the course of material extraction	Limiting erosion of slopes and degradation of ecosystems and landscapes; Limiting erosion of river banks, water pollution with suspended particles and disruption of aquatic life.	MDF, Construction supervisor
Generation of construction waste	Temporary storage of construction waste in especially allocated areas; Timely disposal of waste to the formally designated locations	Construction site; Waste disposal site	Inspection	Periodically during construction and upon complaints	Prevent pollution of the construction site and nearby area with solid waste	MDF, Construction supervisor
Works near settlements	Installation of traffic limitation/diversion signage; Storage of construction materials and temporary placement of construction waste in a way preventing congestion of access roads	At and around the construction site	Inspection	In the course of construction works	Prevent traffic accidents; Limit nuisance to local residents	MDF, Construction supervisor

Activity	What (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	Where (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	How (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	When (Define the frequency / or continuous?)	Why (Is the parameter being monitored?)	Who (Is responsible for monitoring?)
Workers' health and safety	Provision of uniforms and safety gear to workers; Informing of workers and personnel on the personal safety rules and instructions for operating machinery/equipment, and strict compliance with these rules/instructions	Construction site	Inspection	Unannounced inspections in the course of work	Limit occurrence of on-the-job accidents and emergencies	MDF, Construction supervisor
Information sharing and Grievance redress	Local population (especially owners of land adjacent to construction site) are informed about the start of construction works. Grievance redress contact information is announced; Grievance log is maintained	Construction site and/or nearby settlement and buildings Construction site Nearby settlement and buildings	In person, by mail, phone or other means (with records) Evidence of GRM information available on accessible place Evidence of grievance log and timely response/resolution of feedback and complaints	Prior to beginning of construction works (min 2 weeks) Throughout the duration of the sub-project	Minimize nuisance to local population, give opportunity for questions and feedback Ensure that questions and grievances are addressed in a timely manner	Contractor (monitored by MDF) MDF (with help by local authorities, contractor, as applicable)
Restoration and compensation for accidental damage	Owners who experience loss or damage of crops, structures, or other assets as a result of construction are duly compensated or their damages restored	Construction site	MDF ascertains presence of damages and evidence of compensation/restoration via Supervisor reports and site visits	Throughout the duration of the sub-project	Assets and livelihoods of population in the project area are improved, or at minimum restored to pre-project level.	Contractor (under monitoring from MDF and Supervision Consultant)
OPERATION PHASE						

Activity	What (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	Where (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	How (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	When (Define the frequency / or continuous?)	Why (Is the parameter being monitored?)	Who (Is responsible for monitoring?)
Technical maintenance of illumination infrastructure	Good technical condition of wires and other electric equipment	Illuminated streets	Inspection	Throughout operation of the system	Prevent accidents related to people's exposure to power sources	Telavi municipality

Attachment 1

Written consent from “SILKNET” LTD


ENERGO-PRO

Attachment 2. Consents, obtained from the owner of the land plot, where the transformer will be located.

ENERGO-PRO

ელექტროენერგიის განაწილების ლიცენზიატი: სს „ენერგო-პრო ჯორჯია"

განცხადების შევსების თარიღი: 3.12.18

განცხადება

☐საყოფაცხოვრებო მომხმარებლის სახელის შეცვლა(აბ. ცვლილება) ☐პირადი ინფორმაციის მოთხოვნა ☐დავალიანების გადანაწილება ☐განწილვადების/დავალიანების გადახდის გრაფიკის გაუქმება ☐თანხის კორექცია ☐აღრიცხვის კვანძის მოწესრიგება ☐მრიცხველის შემოწმება ☐ქსელის დაზიანება ☐მომარაგების შეწყვეტა/აღდგენა ☐მომარაგების ტექნიკური ხარისხის ადგილზე შემოწმება ☐შიდა ქსელის მოწყობა/რეკონსტრუქცია ☐განაცხადის/წერილის გაუქმება ☐აღრიცხვის კვანძის მოწყობა არარეგულირებული მიერთებისას ☐გამ.ქსელის გადატანა-რეკონსტრუქცია ☑სხვა

განმცხადებელი: [illegible] პ/ნ 01011005828 [illegible] №2

პირადი ნომერი ან საიდენტიფიკაციო კოდი: პ/ნ 01011005828

რეგისტრაციის მისამართი: [illegible] №2

აბონენტის #:

საკონტაქტო მობილურის ნომერი და ელექტრონული ფოსტის მისამართი:

მობ. ნომერი: 597 567895 info@atgroup.biz

ელექტრონული ფოსტა: info@atgroup.biz

განცხადების დასაბუთება: [illegible]

საკადასტრო კოდი: 53.05.53.343. . .

☐ თანახმა ვარ, ზემოაღნიშნულ განცხადებაზე განაწილების ლიცენზიატისაგან პასუხი მივიღო ელექტრონული ფორმით.

☐ თანახმა ვარ, ელექტროენერგიის მოხმარების ქვითარი მივიღო მხოლოდ SMS-ის საშუალებით.

☐ თანახმა ვარ, ელექტროენერგიის მოხმარების ქვითარი მივიღო ელ.ფოსტის საშუალებით.

დანართი:

განმცხადებლის ხელმოწერა: [signature]

ს/ს ენერგო-პრო ჯორჯია კახეთის ფილიალი
I.N: 8434390
03-12-2018
JSC ENERGO-PRO GEORGIA
KAKHETI BRANCH

მოქალაქე: [illegible]

პირადი ნომერი: 01011005828

მისამართი: [illegible]

ტელეფონი: 597 567895

ჩემთვის ცნობილია, რომ დაგეგმილია თელავის რაიონის სოფელ კონდოლში მდებარე შპს „ჯიველი"-ს კუთვნილი ობიექტის გარე ელექტრომომარაგება. გავეცანი სს „ენერგოპრო ჯორჯია" - ს პროექტს, რომლის მიხედვითაც გათვალისწინებულია 250 კვა სიმძლავრის 10/0,4 კვ ძაბვის სატრანსფორმატორო ქვესადგურის მოწყობა ჩემს საკუთრებაში არსებულ მიწის ნაკვეთზე (საკადასტრო კოდი: 53.05.53.343.).

აქვე განმემარტა ტრანსფორმატორის ინსტალაციასა და ექსპლუატაციასთან დაკავშირებული დეტალები და თანახმა ვარ აღნიშნულ მიწის ნაკვეთზე განთავსდეს სს „ენერგოპრო ჯორჯია"-ს კუთვნილი ტრანსფორმატორი და ასევე კომპანიის თანამშრომლებს ნებას ვრთავ ჩემთან შეთანხმებით ოცდაოთხი საათის განმავლობაში ჰქონდეთ წვდომა ზემოღნიშნულ ტრანსფორმატორთან.

ხელმოწერა: .....

თარიღი: 16.01.2019